

OU Israel wishes you and your family Yom Ha'atzmaut Sameach

שיר המעלות בשוב ה' את־שיבת ציון היינו כחלמים תהילים קכ"ו:א'

YERUSHALAYIM SHABBAT PARSHAT KEDOSHIM CANDLES 6:50 PM • EARLY 6:00 PM • HAVDALA 8:07 PM • RABBEINU TAM 8:43 PM



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IMPORTANT REMINDERS

Farliest KIDDUSH LEVANA, 3 Days After Molad: 4 Iyar/ Motzei Shabbat May 11 7 Days After Molad: 8 Iyar/ Wed. night May 15

Last Opportunity to Say Kiddush Levana until: 14 Iyar/ Wed. night May 22

CANDLE LIGHTING AND HAVDALA TIMES







	KEDOSHIM			EMOR		
	CANDLES	EARLY	HAVDALA	CANDLES	EARLY	HAVDALA
Yerushalayim/Maale Adumim	6:50	6:00	8:07	6:55	6:03	8:12
Aza Area (Netivot, Sderot et al)	7:07	6:02	8:09	7:12	6:06	8:14
Beit Shemesh/RBS	7:09	6:01	8:08	7:14	6:05	8:13
Alon Shvut	7:05	6:01	8:07	7:10	6:04	8:12
Raanana/Tel Mond/Herzliya/K.Saba	7:07	6:02	8:09	7:12	6:06	8:15
Modiin/Chashmonaim	7:06	6:01	8:08	7:11	6:05	8:13
Netanya	7:08	6:03	8:10	7:13	6:07	8:15
Be'er Sheva	7:06	6:01	8:07	7:11	6:05	8:13
Rehovot	7:07	6:02	8:09	7:12	6:06	8:14
Petach Tikva	6:50	6:02	8:09	6:55	6:06	8:14
Ginot Shomron	7:07	6:01	8:08	7:11	6:05	8:14
Haifa / Zichron	6:58	6:03	8:10	7:03	6:07	8:16
Gush Shiloh	7:05	6:00	8:07	7:10	6:04	8:13
Tel Aviv / Givat Shmuel	7:08	6:03	8:09	7:12	6:06	8:15
Givat Zeev	7:10	6:00	8:07	7:15	6:04	8:13
Chevron / Kiryat Arba	7:05	6:00	8:07	7:10	6:04	8:12
Ashkelon	7:08	6:03	8:09	7:13	6:07	8:15
Yad Binyamin	7:07	6:02	8:08	7:12	6:06	8:14
Tzfat / Bikat HaYarden	7:01	6:01	8:09	7:06	6:05	8:14
Golan	7:05	6:00	8:07	7:10	6:04	8:13
Nahariya/Maalot	7:07	6:03	8:10	7:12	6:07	8:16
Afula	7:07	6:01	8:09	7:12	6:05	8:14
Pahhainu Tam (Jarusalam): Kodoshim 9:42 DM & Emor 9:49 DM						

Rabbeinu Tam (Jerusalem): Kedoshim 8:43 PM • Emor 8:48 PM

All Times According to MyZmanim (20 mins before Sunset in most Cities; 40 mins in Yerushalyim and Petach Tikva; 30 mins in Tzfat and Haifa)

Daf Yomi: Bava Metzia 73



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JERUSALEM

Ranges 11 days Friday - Shabbat May 8 - 18 / 30 Nisan - 10 Iyar

Earliest Tallit and Tefillin
Sunrise
Sof Zman Kriat Shema
Magen Avraham
Sof Zman Tefila

Sof Zman Tefila

4:52 - 4:43
5:47 - 5:40
9:11 - 9:08
8:31 - 8:26
10:19 - 10:17

(According to the Gra and Baal HaTanya)

 Chatzot (Halachic Noon)
 12:35

 Mincha Gedola (Earliest Mincha)
 1:10

 Plag Mincha
 5:59 - 6:04

 Sunset (Including Elevation)
 7:28 - 7:35



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DEAR TORAH TIDBITS FAMILY

RABBI AVI BERMAN
Executive Director, OU Israel
aberman@ouisrael.org

There is a well-known idea regarding the *Parshiyot* we read following Pesach. What is the source that one should only say good things about a person after they pass away? *Acharei-Mot, Kedoshim Emor* (After the death, speak holiness.) Personally, I take this principle very seriously. After a person passes away, only positive and holy things should be said about their life, how they lived it, and how we could learn from them.

Next week, when we hear of the word "Kedoshim," it will have a very different feeling than many other years. We're going to stand on Yom HaZikaron this Sunday night and Monday and talk about the *kedoshim*, the holy Jews who were killed for the act of being Jewish and living in the Holy Land, our brothers and sisters who gave their lives for the State of Israel for the last 76 years. While this is a difficult day any year, I am sure it will be so much more complex, difficult, and meaningful this year. There are so many fresh graves on Har Herzl and cemeteries throughout Israel this year. The kevarim are still fresh. There will be so many programs with soldiers who fought in Gaza speaking

Mazal Tov to Joshua Muhlrad and his proud parents Ashleigh & Mark on the occasion of his special Bar Mitzvah here in Yerushalayim Rabbi Avi & Pnina Berman & the OU Israel Family and sharing their recent experiences fighting to defend *Am Yisrael*. This year, Yom HaZikaron will hit even closer to home for so many of us.

We will, of course, be thinking and talking about the wars and kedoshim of past years the first Lebanon War, the second Lebanon War, the Six Day War, the War for Independence, and so on. We'll be remembering and discussing those who died in terror attacks throughout Israel's history. But the sheer amount of *kedoshim* this year will be so much more heart wrenching. The soldiers and police who bravely fought in the morning hours to keep the terrorists near the borders so they could not advance further. The *chayalot tzdikaniyot* who monitored the borders and gave their lives. Combat soldiers who fought Hamas deep in Gaza. And all the civilians, young and old, who were slaughtered.

If there was ever a year that *Am Yisrael* would be collectively standing at the cemeteries of fallen soldiers, whether physically or emotionally, it's this year. I'm very moved that so many of our brothers and sisters from North America are coming to join us on an OU mission we are running this Yom HaZikaron and Yom HaAtzmaut. We are seeing that Jews around the world want to connect, and they want to be together.

I want to quote Miriam Peretz, who unfortunately lost two of her sons, Uriel HY"D, who I went to high school with, and Eliraz HY"D, who grew up in my neighborhood

here in Givat Zeev. She told me, "Hamas and Hezbollah may have killed the physical bodies of my sons, but they did not kill the spirit of *Klal Yisrael*."

I was thinking about our brothers and sisters overseas who very much want to be here this Yom HaZikaron and Yom HaAtzmaut, but cannot. I ask myself how we can connect them to what's going on here on Yom HaZikaron and Yom HaAtzmaut.

This year, on Yom HaAtzmaut, we're going to have thousands of people joining us at Gan HaPaamon, which OU Israel runs every year. This year, we will also be joined by Jen Airley, who will be giving the opening

remarks for the event. She will talk about her son Binyamin, HY"D, and what it means to go from Yom HaZikaron into Yom HaAtzmaut. Following that, there will be an amazing and heartfelt musical *Tefila* with Rabbi Shlomo Katz, to thank Hashem for this incredible Land, this incredible people, and this incredible State of Israel. How can our brothers and sisters overseas join us and connect with us in this? How can we help them achieve the same feeling we will have after the military cemeteries and after the speeches and after the *Tefilot* we will be saying?

This week, I recorded a podcast episode with the Meaningful People podcast, who hosted Miriam Peretz and myself. They asked us to talk about the insights that we have into Yom HaZikaron and Yom HaAtzmaut this year. Mainly, we talked





about the *emunah* that *Klal Yisrael* has maintained to continue on, how to take that spirit and bring it to all of the Jewish people around the world.

Miriam Peretz taught me so much in this conversation. We both live in Givat Zeev, but we have also traveled to North America and I've seen her inspire NCSY groups all over North America with her speeches and talks. I've seen her inspire so many teens that we work with within Israel. She understands what it means to experience



incredibly painful challenges in life, but how from within those challenges we can pick ourselves up and get to work helping Klal Yisrael. There is an incredibly positive attitude that Miriam is able to give over to those she speaks to. This year, we all need that. We all need a feeling that life continues on and that everyone has something to contribute.

It's not going to be easy for any of us to have a "normal" Yom HaAtzmaut this year. But it's precisely because of this fact that we have to dance and sing even more. Our enemies are looking to see whether we will be happy or despair this Yom HaAtzmaut. Therefore, our job is to show them (and ourselves) how happy we really are. Yes, we have many challenges. But those challenges won't change our attitudes and mindsets away from the big picture. That is of the Jewish people returning home, building our Land, and enjoying the prophecies of old come to fruition before our eyes. Around the world, our brothers and sisters can show our enemies that we rise out of our challenges and we are still joyful and faithful. This is how they can connect, to feel, what it means to be part of this day.

Our kedoshim did not give their lives for us to be sad. They gave their lives to enable us to continue on with the spirit and the smile of Klal Yisrael. So, let us do just that.

> May the Torah learning be לעילוי נשמת

Avraham Lifshutz z"1 אביגדור חי אברהם ז"ל

on his 3rd Yartzeit - ז' אייר

Greatly missed by his Parents, Siblings and Grandparents

Martin & Rhonda Lifshutz and Family

Overcome our challenges, put on a smile, and go into a very happy and meaningful Yom HaAtzmaut.

I look forward to seeing you all at Gan HaPaamon Monday night (see ad on opposite page)!

I also want to thank a good friend of the OU and inspirational individual Rena Quint who shared her Holocaust story on the OU Israel podcast in honor of Yom HaShoah. You can watch my interview with Rena on OU Israel's YouTube channel or scan the OR code here.

Wishing you all an uplifting and inspiring Shabbat, a meaningful Yom HaZikaron and Yom HaAtzmaut Sameach.



Rabbi Avi Berman Executive Director, OU Israel aberman@ouisrael.org



In loving memory of

Ernest Kamins 578 אשר אליעזר בן אברהם לייב ז״ל

on his ninth vahrzeit

From his Wife, Children, Grandchildren and Great Grandchildren







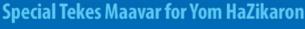




MON | MAY 13 | 6:45 PM

GAN HAPAAMON

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Mara D'Atra of Kehilat Shirat David, Efrat







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This free event is open to all and is presented by OU Israel and the Jerusalem Municipality **Department of Jewish Tradition**









Towards Peace of Mind

You and I need to be attentive to our mental and emotional health, especially at times like these. An important component of our well-being involves the resolution of suppressed feelings. We all know how bottling up feelings can be very corrosive, "eating us up inside." Our Parsha specifically guides us away from keeping difficult feelings inside.

Lo tisna et achicha bilvavecha. "Do not carry hatred for your brother in your heart; rebuke your fellow and do not bear guilt over him." (Vayikra 19:17)

Ramban offers two interpretations of this warning. Initially he suggests that the Torah is even more unhappy with hatred that is expressed in action, yet it addresses the more common phenomenon of the quiet harboring of resentment. He goes on to propose that in the series of clauses packed into this one verse the Torah is urging us specifically not to bottle it up but to instead express to others whatever resentment we may feel towards them in an appropriate fashion. In this understanding, the Torah is specifically addressing the issue of concealing our feelings and suggesting resolution via confronting the issue directly and talking it out.

It may be the case however that confrontation is just one alternative. Some of us may be able to banish those difficult feelings, fulfilling the obligation not to carry the hatred without need for the next step of expressing rebuke. This is conveyed in a classic Talmudic passage (Yoma 75a) that offers two alternatives to getting hard feelings and anxieties out of our system.

"Anxiety in the heart of a man weighs him down; but a good word makes him glad." (Mishlei 12:25): R. Ammi and R. Assi differ in the interpretation of this verse: one rendered it, 'let him banish the anxiety from his mind; the other, 'let him discuss it with others.'

The difference of opinion is directly related to alternative meanings of the unusual Biblical word used in the proverb, *yashchena*. But the two versions reveal the two approaches to resolution of such feelings, distraction and confrontation. Note the instructive words of Dr. David Pelcovitz:

"Research ... finds that coping styles are on a continuum from "attenders" to "distracters". active information seekers to information avoiders, "Attenders" deal with stressful situations in an active manner... In contrast. "distracter" patients prefer to distract themselves.... Interestingly, research shows that the ability to cope is compromised if you try to turn a distracter into an attender or vice versa... The differing views of Ray Ammi and Ray Assi echo the "attender" versus "distracter" approach to dealing with anxiety. Distracters follow the interpretation of banishing the worry from one's mind; attenders deal with worry by verbalizing their fears to others. In coping with the stress ... it is important to

tune in to whether you are more comfortable using distraction as the preferred approach, or are you more comforted by verbalizing your anxieties in discussion with others."

Different strokes for different folks. We may effectively address our feelings or our personal anxieties in a variety of ways, but invariably we will do best by making sure that those feelings are put to rest, yielding the invaluable gift of *menuchat hanefesh*, peace of mind and heart.

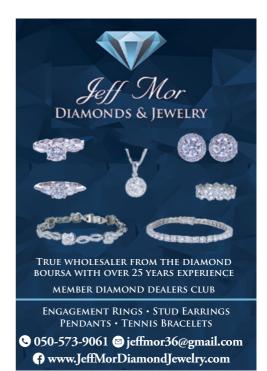




Lenny Davidman Professional Planning & Production English Speaking Pesach Program at the Dead Sea

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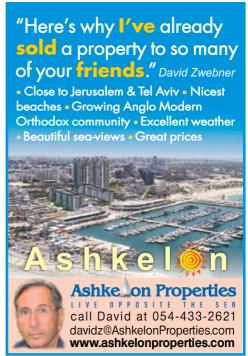




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ALIYA-BY-ALIYA SEDRA SUMMARY

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PARSHAT KEDOSHIM

Parshat K edoshim is one of the best parshiot in the Torah. Or at least Rashi says so on the first verse: most of the topics of the Torah are contained in Parshat Kedoshim. Meaning – in learning this one parsha we touch on almost all the main themes of the mitzvot of the Torah.

There are 51 mitzvot in 64 verses. These include some of the most beloved ethical mitzvot: love your neighbor as yourself, help the poor with dignity by leaving parts of your harvest for them, honesty, care for employees, concern for the vulnerable; the deaf, blind and ger. As well as warnings to not follow all types of sorcery. And to administer justice with vigilance. And forbidden sexual relationships and idolatry.

But besides simply enjoying the content of all these rich mitzvot, their context provides an important principle.

The last 11 parshiot, reaching back to Teruma, have revolved around one main theme:

May the Torah learned from this issue of Torah Tidbits be לעילוי נשמת

שיינדל רחל בת שלמה וקריינדל בלימא ע"ה ילב"ע ג'אייר

In loving memory of Lilly Manheim a"h on her 8th yahrtzeit - 3 Iyar, 5784

G-d's invitation to us to rendezvous with Him in the Mikdash. This holy encounter demands purity from us. These 11 parshiot have dealt with the many rules to ensure our encounter with Him is one of Kedusha. In these 11 parshiot we have also been instructed in Kedusha in 2 particular human activities: food (the laws of kashrut), and sexual relations. Both of these are also framed as being areas of holiness. And next week we will have the holy days outlined.

We could easily assume: our task as Jews is to be holy. Holiness means to encounter G-d on His terms in His place. And during holy times; Shabbat and holy days. And also to be holy in those things we most closely share with the animal world: food and procreation. We are not animals. We are in His Image. And so in those very things that are earthy, we limit ourselves, expressing our noble station. Food and sexual relations.

But then we have Parshat Kedoshim. Be holy. How? Honesty. Care for others. No sorcery. Caring for employees. No idol worship. A court system that is just. Forbidden relationships. Concern for vulnerable.

You know, it looks like every way you turn there is another mitzvah. I thought holiness is, well, I thought it was in things that are holy. Mikdash. Shabbat. Not your employees. Or your court. Or your generosity. Or honesty.

The Torah has introduced a dramatic and revolutionary idea. Holiness is everywhere. The Torah has transformed our lives into the stage for holiness. How we treat each other,

how we speak, our food, our relationships, our time. Our every moment becomes a moment of holiness: to be truthful, to be generous, to think, love and fear Him.

And one beautiful stylistic tool emphasizes this. The commentaries struggle to identify the thematic flow of the 51 mitzvot of this parsha. It certainly looks like there is no particular pattern. We all could rearrange the list of mitzvot into neater categories: those between man and G-d, those between man and man, societal mitzvot, encounters with idol worship. That would make a neater flow to the parsha.

It could be that the Torah is using a stylistic tool: a flow of consciousness. You know how our minds fly all over the place: we think about where we are going, then last night's dinner, then how our neighbor is feeling, then what the kids are up to Perhaps, the Torah is employing that style in our parsha. As if to say, whatever you think of, wherever you turn, that internal process of yours that travels the world in 60 seconds, moving from one topic to another – that is where Kedusha can be found. In everything we do. Respect parents, keep Shabbat, don't swear falsely, leave some harvest for the poor, be fair in your courts... Whatever you think of – there's a holiness moment. Our lives are full of moments that can be holy. Everything we do. What a gift: our trite and mundane everyday life has been transformed into the stage for holiness. And that is our Parsha.



1ST ALIYA (VAYIKRA 19:1-14)

Be Holy, as I, G-d, your G-d am holy. Revere parents, keep Shabbat.

Do not turn to idols or make graven gods. A shlamim offering may only be eaten for 2 days. Help the poor and stranger when harvesting a field by leaving dropped or forgotten produce or grapes. Don't steal, lie or swear falsely. Don't cheat; or tarry paying wages 'til the morning. Don't curse the deaf, trip up the blind.

There is a definite repetition or perhaps development of the 10 commandments in these mitzvot. Though not in the exact order they appear in the 10 commandments, but thematically connected.



2ND ALIYA (19:15-22)

Do not pervert justice by favoring either poor or powerful. Don't

spread gossip, nor stand by your brother's blood. Don't hate. Don't take revenge; love your neighbor as yourself. Do not interbreed animals or seeds, or wear wool and linen.

Each of these mitzvot is rich. But to not spread gossip. That is a great one. Oh, how the information age has truly perfected the spreading of gossip.

And one of the best verses of the Torah: love your neighbor as yourself. As Rabbi Sacks says: it is easy to love mankind, quite a bit harder to love the person next door. We see the warts, as they see ours. But rise above it. All people have goodness.



3RD ALIYA (19:23-32)

In the Land, fruit is forbidden for the first 3 years of growth, 4th

May the Torah learned in this Torah Tidbits be לעילוי נשמת

החבר אשר בן החבר נפתלי ומטלה הירש ז"ל

נלב"ע ג אייר

In loving memory of
A. Asher Hirsch z"l
on his 17th yartzeit - Gimmel Iyar

You are dearly missed by all

year holy, 5th year permissible. Do not use divination. Nor round the corners of your face or use a straight razor on your beard. Nor tattoo. Nor seek sorcery. Rise before the aged, glorify the wizened.

There are a series of "don't do what they do" mitzvot; as if to say, do not just imitate the things you will see when you get to the Land. Your hair is different, tattooing isn't for us, and all those tricks and magic to find answers to the mysteries of life? Not for us.

Rise for the aged; for the wisdom that life itself brings. Quite a contrast to the glorification of youth of our times.



4TH ALIYA (19:33-37)

Love the convert. Employ accurate weights and measures.

The convert may feel out of place, different, self conscious, without family, not part of the crowd. Be extra sensitive to those feeling left out.

I have the good fortune to be the Director of Machon Milton, the RCA course of study for conversion here in Jerusalem, run in partnership with Shavei Yisrael. So, I need to pause on this "love the convert". We need to be sensitive to everyone's feelings; but the Torah emphasizes the convert. When you meet someone and find out they are converting or did convert; be sensitive to their feelings. Perhaps they don't want to tell their story again, for the 50th time. Or 100th. Maybe they just want to enjoy Shabbat dinner and speak of the parsha, sing zmirot, and participate like everyone else. So. Don't ask them their story. And we need to go out of our way to bring a siddur over to the one who is clearly uncomfortable; and invite them to sit beside us. After all, love the convert.

Accurate weights and measures? Seems

obvious. But the Torah is emphasizing that even when you can get away with it, don't. Like cursing the deaf. Who will ever know?

5TH ALIYA (20:1-7)

One who gives their child to Molech shall be put to death. And u don't do it, I will. The one who turns

if you don't do it, I will. The one who turns and follows sorcery, I will deal with them. Be holy; for I am Holy.

There are things done in the name of great piety that are not pious at all. Child sacrifice has a rationale to it: I am willing to give my most precious to G-d. Just that it is a perverted rationale. While we should always strive to understand those who behave unlike us, we should not tolerate behavior that is perverse in the name of piety.

6TH ALIYA (20:8-22)

The following receive the death penalty: cursing parents, the long list of forbidden sexual relationships listed above. Observing these laws and not those of

above. Observing these laws and not those of the nations will prevent the Land from spitting you out, as it has done to those nations. Since I have distinguished you, it is you who shall possess the Land, the land flowing with milk and honey.

The Jewish idea of ethical monotheism is on full display in Kedoshim. Holiness wanders seamlessly in the parsha from taking care of the poor, to laws of sacrifices, to honesty, to sexual prohibitions, to loving your neighbor, not hating; all under the rubric of holiness. We are to be holy so that the Land not spit us out. This is certainly something that ought to give pause, those of us walking the streets of our Land. We, the privileged ones living in this Land; we in particular need to be extra vigilant in all these holy things, ritual, interpersonal, speech, care, love; for our success in this Land rests upon it.

7TH ALIYA (20:23-27)

And you shall distinguish between animals to be eaten and

those not. Be holy to Me and I will distinguish you to be My people.

The wide range of holy things outlined in the parsha is our expression of being holy to Him. And He, in turn, will make us distinct.



STATS - METZORA

30th of 54 sedras; 7th of 10 in Vayikra. Written on 109 lines in a Torah (49th in Torah). 4 Parshiot; 3 open, 1 closed.

64 pesukim (49th in Torah, 9th in Vayikra). 868 words (49th in Torah, 9th in Vayikra).



MITZVOT - METZORA

51 mitzvot; 13 positives, 38 prohibitions.



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A SHORT VORT

BY RABBI CHANOCH YERES
Rav, Beit Knesset Beit Yisrael, Yemin Moshe

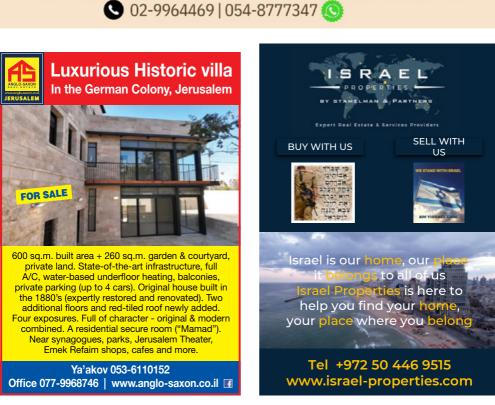
לא תשנא את אחיך בלבבך הוכח תוכיח את עמיתך (יט:יז) "You shall not hate your brother in your heart; you shall surely rebuke your neighbor." (19:17)

What is the connection between these two statements in the same verse?

Rabbi Isser Zalman Melzter (1870-1953, Jerusalem) in his work, the "Avnei Ezel" explains that rebuking someone else for their actions can only properly be done when the person who the rebuke is directed to is loved and respected by the one rebuking. When the two individuals are close to each other and there is genuine concern of the other's welfare, only then can rebuke be given. If such a concern is sincere, then any criticism will be understood as constructive and will be received and accepted likewise.

The pasuk, in its entirety, is defining the command of "rebuking one's neighbor". "You shall not hate your brother in your heart" and only then, and not otherwise, can one take upon himself to act in accordance with rebuking someone else, "you shall surely rebuke your neighbor." - Shabbat Shalom









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THE PERSON IN THE PARSHA

BY RABBI DR. TZVI HERSH WEINREB
OU EXECUTIVE VICE PRESIDENT, EMERITUS

I Get No Respect!

I love visiting residences for senior citizens. For one thing, being around truly older people invariably helps me feel young by comparison.

Recently, I was a weekend guest scholar at such a residence. I dispensed with my prepared lectures and instead tried to engage the residents of the facility, not one of whom was less than ninety years old, in a group discussion. This proved to be a very wise move on my part, because I learned a great deal about the experience of getting old. Or, as one wise man insisted, "You don't get 'old'—you get 'older."

The question that I raised to provoke discussion was this: "What made you first realize that you were getting 'older?"

I was taken aback by the reactions of the group, because there were clearly two very different sets of responses.

לעילוי נשמת

יקותיאל זלמן הכהן ז"ל on his 10th yahrzeit - 29 Nisan

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One member of the group responded, "I knew I was getting older when people started to ignore me. I was no more than a piece of furniture to them. Worse, they no longer noticed me at all."

About half of the group expressed their agreement with this person's experience. They proceeded to describe various experiences that they had in being ignored. Some of those stories were quite poignant and powerful. One woman even described how she was present at the outbreak of a fire in a hotel lobby, and the rescue workers "simply did not see me sitting there. That is, until I started to scream!"

But then some of the others spoke up expressing quite different experiences. One gentleman said it for the rest of this second group: "I knew that I was getting older when passengers on the subway or bus stood up for me and gave me their seat." That basic gesture of respect conveyed to the members of this group of senior citizens that they had indeed reached the age when they were not ignored, but rather the beneficiaries of acts of deference.

The discussion then entered another phase, as both groups agreed that, while they certainly did not want to be ignored, they also were resentful of these gestures of respect. The group unanimously supported the position articulated by the oldest person there, who said: "We don't want gestures of respect. We want genuine respect."

It seems that the entire group, although

appreciative of those who relinquished seats on the subway for them, wanted something more. They wanted their opinions to be heard, their life experience to be appreciated, and their accumulated wisdom to be acknowledged. Symbolic gestures were insufficient, and sometimes were even experienced as demeaning.

This week's Torah portion, *Parshat Kedoshim (Leviticus* 19:1-20:27), contains the basic biblical commandment regarding treatment of the elderly: "You shall rise before the aged and show deference to the old; you shall fear your God: I am the Lord." (*ibid.* 19:32)

Rashi's comments on this verse indicate how sensitive he was to the subtle reactions expressed by the members of my little group. Here is what he says, paraphrasing the Talmudic Sages: "What is deference? It is refraining from sitting in his place, and not interrupting his words. Whereas one might think to simply close his eyes and pretend not to even see the old person, the verse cautions us to fear your God, for after all, he knows what is in the heart of man..."

Interestingly, not sitting in his seat means much more than just giving him a seat on the bus. It means recognizing that the elderly person has his own seat, his own well-earned place in society, which you, the younger person, dare not usurp. It is more than just a gesture. It is an acknowledgement of the valued place the elder has in society, a place which is his and his alone.

Similarly, not interrupting the older person's conversation is much more than an act of courtesy. It is awareness that this older person has something valuable to say, a message to which one must listen attentively.

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How well our Torah knows the deviousness of which we are all capable. We can easily pretend not to notice the older person. But He who reads our minds and knows what is in our hearts will be the judge of that. We must fear Him and not resort to self-justification and excuses. We must deal with the older person as a real person, whose presence cannot be ignored but must be taken into full account in our conversation.

Rabbi Naftali Zvi Yehuda Berlin, in his commentary on this verse, refers us to

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a passage in the *Midrash Rabbah* on the weekly portion of *Beha'alotecha* in the *Book of Numbers*, which understands the phrase "you shall fear your God" as being the consequence of your showing deference to the elderly. Thus, if you treat the elderly well you will attain the spiritual level of the God-fearing person. But if you refrain from showing the elderly that deference, you can never aspire to the title "God-fearing person" no matter how pious you are in other respects.

There is another entirely different perspective on our verse which provides a practical motive for honoring the elderly. It is to be found in the commentary of Abraham ibn Ezra, who explains the phrase "You shall fear your God" in the following way:

"The time will come when you will be old and frail and lonely. You will long for proper treatment at the hands of the young. But if you showed disrespect for the elderly when you were young, and did not "fear God," God will not reward you with the treatment you desire in your own old age."

As each of us strives to show genuine respect to our elders, we help construct a society in which the elderly have their proper place. That society will hopefully still be there when we become older, and then we will reap the benefits of our own youthful behavior.

Our Torah portion is entitled *Kedoshim*, which means "holy." One of the major components of the holy society is the treatment it accords to every one of its members, especially those who are vulnerable. Treating the elderly with genuine respect, truly listening to them and valuing their contributions, is an essential part of what it means to be a "holy people."





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An Impossible Directive?

Roughly midpoint in the Torah text, at the culmination of the vital interpersonal laws of Parshat Kedoshim, lies a three-word mandate considered by sages such as Hillel and Rabbi Akiva to be the foundation of all Torah law:

V'ahavta l'reiacha kamocha... commonly translated as ... "And you shall love your fellow as yourself." ...

And yet, how can the Torah demand the impossible? How can God insist that I should love everyone – even a passing acquaintance or, for that matter, even a stranger – as I love myself'? On a concrete level, such a commandment seems well beyond our reach.

To go a step further, as many sages note, this demand is not only antithetical to human nature but *contrary to practical halachic dictate*. The Ramban points out that the very same Rabbi Akiva, who considers this

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commandment to be "the fundamental rule of the Torah," elsewhere maintains: "Your life takes precedence over the life of your friend."

Practical application of this latter mandate, the Talmud explains, indicates that if two individuals are traveling in the desert and one of them carries a flask that holds enough water for only one to survive and reach civilization, the individual who possesses the water should not share with his co-traveler. His own need to survive takes precedence over any responsibility he might have towards his fellow.

We are thus faced, the Ramban argues, with a clear halachic contradiction...

If the Torah's commandment of *V'ahavta* literally means that I must "love my fellow as [I love] myself," I should have no right to withhold lifesaving sustenance from another, even at the cost of my own survival. I should be required to consider his immediate welfare as precious to me as my own!

Additionally, the rabbis, themselves, clearly recognize the difficulties inherent in the commandment *V'ahavta l'reiacha kamocha... as* evidenced in a number of sources...

When, for example, a potential convert demands to be taught the entire Torah "while standing on one foot," Hillel chooses this commandment as the foundation all of Jewish law. He does not, however, quote the text directly. Instead, he transposes the directive into the more palatable (and limited) negative: "What is hateful to you do not do

to your fellow."

Elsewhere, the rabbis find concrete application for the edict of *V'ahavta* in disparate areas ranging from marriage to capital punishment. Their search appears to mirror a desire to find *distinct*, *limited spheres of law* where the text's formulation can be applied without contradicting other halachic precepts.

Can, however, the sweeping majesty of this edict, described by Rabbi Akiva as *the* fundamental precept of the Torah, be preserved?

Can the text be understood as written, without editorial change and without limiting its application to narrow areas of the law?

Some scholars maintain that the problems associated with the text should be addressed through a simple change of focus. The term *kamocha*, "as yourself," they claim, is not an adverb defining the boundaries of commanded love (as in: love your fellow "as you love yourself"). It is, instead, an adjective delineating the basis of fellowship (as in: love your fellow "who is as yourself"). Since all men are created in the image of God, the Torah maintains, all are *kamocha*, "similar to you," and all are, therefore, deserving of your love.

This approach avoids the issues raised above. The text is not commanding us to love others as we love ourselves, a commandment problematic in both behavioral and halachic terms. The Torah is instead informing us why we should love others in the first place: "Love your fellow," who is, after all, "as yourself;" created, like you, in God's image and, therefore, worthy of your love.

Nehama Leibowitz finds support for this approach in a similar biblical passage: "The stranger [convert] who dwells with



you shall be like the native-born among you; and you shall love him *kamocha*, as yourself, for you were strangers in the land of Egypt."

In this case, Leibowitz maintains, the last phrase of the commandment clearly reflects back on the meaning of the term *kamocha*. Effectively, the text states: You should love the stranger, for he is like you. After all, you were once strangers in the land of Egypt..

Other authorities, including the Ramban and the Chizkuni, however, choose another, bolder, path.

These scholars maintain that the commonly



accepted translation of the phrase "V'ahavta l'reiacha kamocha" is incorrect. Had the Torah meant to say, "Love your fellow, as yourself," the text should have read: V'ahavta et reiacha kamocha."

Literally, as written, the text before us translates as: "Love *for* your fellow, *as for* yourself."

An overwhelmingly powerful lesson is thus transmitted by this passage, as the Ramban explains:

Sometimes an individual may wish well for his fellow only in specific areas. He may wish him wealth but not wisdom and the like; and, even if he wishes him well in all areas – desiring that his beloved fellow attain wealth, honor, learning and wisdom – he will still not want him to achieve the same level that he, himself, achieves. He will still desire to be superior to his fellow.

The Torah, therefore, commands that the individual eradicate such selfish jealousy from his heart; that he should love [desire] well for his friend – as he would want for himself – without limits or reservations.

Through the eyes of these scholars, the Torah is not demanding the impossible – only the overwhelmingly difficult. Capping the list of interpersonal laws of Parshat Kedoshim is the one commandment that sums them all up: *Truly desire for others what you desire for yourself.*

If you can achieve that level of love, all the other obligations between you and those around you will be easily met.

Sometimes limiting the scope can increase the burden...

By placing the commandment of *V'ahavta l'reiacha kamocha* within our reach, scholars such as the Ramban and the Chizkuni

actually make the Torah's demands upon us more difficult. As long as the commandment remained impossible to attain, we were "safe." We could be proud to be part of a people whose tradition included this wonderful idea of *V'ahavta l'reiacha kamocha*, yet avoid its practical implications. We could repeat the words as a litany, admire their poetic majesty; but remain beyond their claim on our behavior. Who, after all, could possibly be expected to love someone as himself? Clearly, the Torah could not be talking to us.

Our escape is thwarted, however by the rereading of the text...

Truly desire for others what you desire for yourself.

This commandment is attainable, albeit with great difficulty. Conformance requires the cultivation of the purest of hearts; a soul that can truly rejoice in the success and happiness of others without the taint of jealousy. It means that a student rejected for medical school must be as happy over the admission of his friend as if he, himself, had made the grade; that a young single man or woman, actively seeking a *shidduch* (marital match), must rejoice wholeheartedly at the wedding of his/her friend; that an individual denied a promotion must feel gratitude for the promotion of his colleagues to that very same spot.

The challenge is far from easily met, but the potential rewards are great. If each of us cultivates a heart that truly desires for others what we desire for ourselves – without jealousy, bitterness and rancor – we will each learn to rest easy with our own life accomplishments, as well.

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Judaism's Three Voices

The nineteenth chapter of Vayikra, with which our parsha begins, is one of the supreme statements of the ethics of the Torah. It's about the right, the good and the holy, and it contains some of Judaism's greatest moral commands: "You shall love your neighbour as yourself," and "Let the stranger who lives among you be like your native-born. Love him as yourself, for you were strangers in Egypt."

But the chapter is also surpassingly strange. It contains what looks like a random jumble of commands, many of which have nothing whatever to do with ethics and only the most tenuous connection with holiness:

Do not mate different kinds of animals.

Do not plant your field with two kinds of seed.

Do not wear clothing woven of two kinds of material. (*Vayikra 19:19*)

Do not eat any meat with the blood still in it.

Do not practise divination or sorcery.

Do not cut the hair at the sides of your head

or clip off the edges of your beard. (*Vayikra* 19:26-28)

And so the list goes on. What have these to do with the right, the good, and the holy?

To understand this we have to engage in an enormous leap of insight into the unique moral/social/spiritual vision of the Torah, so unlike anything we find elsewhere.

The West has had many attempts at defining a moral system. Some focused on rationality, others on emotions like sympathy and empathy. For some the central principle was service to the state, for others moral duty, for yet others the greatest happiness of the greatest number. These are all forms of moral simplicity.

Judaism insists on the opposite: moral complexity. The moral life isn't easy. Sometimes duties or loyalties clash. Sometimes reason says one thing, emotion another. More fundamentally, Judaism identified three distinct moral sensibilities each of which has its own voice and vocabulary. They are [1] the ethics of the king, [2] the ethics of the priest and fundamentally, [3] the ethics of the prophet.

Jeremiah and Ezekiel talk about their distinctive sensibilities:

For the teaching of the law [Torah] by the priest will not cease, nor will

counsel [*etzah*] from the wise [*chacham*], nor the word [*davar*] from the prophets. (*Jer.* 18:18)

They will go searching for a vision [chazon] from the prophet, priestly instruction in the law [Torah] will cease, the counsel [etzah] of the elders will come to an end. (Ez. 7:26)

Priests think in terms of Torah. Prophets have "the Word" or "a vision." Elders and the wise have "etzah". What does this mean?

Kings and their courts are associated in Judaism with wisdom – *chochmah*, *etzah* and their synonyms. Several books of Tanach, most conspicuously Proverbs and Ecclesiastes (Mishlei and Kohelet), are books of "wisdom" of which the supreme exemplar was King Solomon. Wisdom in Judaism is the most universal form of knowledge, and the Wisdom literature is the closest the Hebrew Bible comes to the other literature of the ancient Near East, as well as the Hellenistic Sages. It is practical, pragmatic, based on experience and observation; it is judicious, prudent. It is a prescription for a life that is safe and sound, without excess or extremes, but hardly dramatic or transformative. That is the voice of wisdom, the virtue of kings.

The prophetic voice is quite different, impassioned, vivid, radical in its critique of the misuse of power and the exploitative pursuit of wealth. The prophet speaks on behalf of the people, the poor, the downtrodden, the abused. He or she thinks of the moral life in terms of relationships: between God and humanity and between human beings themselves. The key terms for the prophet are *tzedek* (distributive justice), *mishpat* (retributive justice), *chessed* (loving kindness) and *rachamim* (mercy, compassion). The prophet has emotional intelligence, sympathy and



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The ethic of the priest, and of holiness generally, is different again. The key activities of the priest are *lehavdil* – to discriminate, distinguish and divide – and *lehorot* – to instruct people in the law, both generally as teachers and in specific instances as judges. The key words of the priest are *kodesh* and *chol* (holy and secular), *tamei* and *tahor* (impure and pure).

The single most important passage in the Torah that speaks in the priestly voice is Chapter 1 of Bereishit, the narrative of creation. Here too a key verb is *lehavdil*, to divide, which appears five times. God



divides between light and dark, the upper and lower waters, and day and night. Other key words are "bless" – God blesses the animals, humankind, and the seventh day; and "sanctify" (kadesh) – at the end of creation God sanctifies the Shabbat. Overwhelmingly elsewhere in the Torah the verb lehavdil and the root kadosh occur in a priestly context; and it is the priests who bless the people.

The task of the priest, like God at creation, is to bring order out of chaos. The priest establishes boundaries in both time and space. There are holy times and holy places, and each time and place has its own integrity, its own setting in the total scheme of things. The kohen's protest is against the blurring of boundaries so common in pagan religions – between gods and humans, between life and death, between the sexes and so on. A sin, for the kohen, is an act in the wrong place, and its punishment is exile, being cast out of your rightful place. A good society, for the kohen, is one in which everything is in its proper place, and the kohen has special sensitivity toward the stranger, the person who has no place of his or her own.

The strange collection of commands in Kedoshim thus turns out not to be strange at all. The holiness code sees love and justice as part of a total vision of an ordered universe in which each thing, person and act has their rightful place, and it is this order that is threatened when the boundary between different kinds of animals, grain, fabrics is breached; when the human body is lacerated; or when people eat blood, the sign of death, in order to feed life.

In the secular West we are familiar with the voice of wisdom. It is common ground between the books of Proverbs and Ecclesiastes and the great sages from Aristotle to Marcus Aurelius to Montaigne. We know, too, the prophetic voice and what Einstein called its "almost fanatical love of justice." We are far less familiar with the priestly idea that just as there is a scientific order to nature, so there is a moral order, and it consists in keeping separate the things that are separate, and maintaining the boundaries that respect the integrity of the world God created and seven times pronounced good.

The priestly voice is not marginal to Judaism. It is central, essential. It is the voice of the Torah's first chapter. It is the voice that defined the Jewish vocation as "a kingdom of priests and a holy nation." It dominates Vayikra, the central book of the Torah. And whereas the prophetic spirit lives on

in *aggadah*, the priestly voice prevails in *halachah*. And the very name *Torah* – from the verb *lehorot* – is a priestly word.

Perhaps the idea of ecology, one of the key discoveries of modern times, will allow us to understand better the priestly vision and its code of holiness, both of which see ethics not just as practical wisdom or prophetic justice but also as honouring the deep structure – the sacred ontology – of being. An ordered universe is a moral universe, a world at peace with its Creator and itself.

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The Hidden Consolation

There are different minhagim regarding the haftarah that is read when Parashat Kedoshim is separated from Parashat Acharei Mot. This article discusses the haftarah taken from Sefer Yechezkel although many Batei Knesset read the same haftarah that was read last Shabbat from Sefer Amos.

The haftarah for this week's parasha of Kedoshim is one not commonly heard. On most years, the parasha is read together with Parashat Acharei Mot with the haftarah taken from Sefer Amos, according to Ashkenazik practice. When these portions are read separately, the haftarah is often "replaced" by the Rosh Chodesh reading or by the "Machar Chodesh" haftarah. In fact, (believe it or not) the last time Ashkenazim read this haftarah was.... 27 years ago!!!! It certainly is a rare privilege to hear this nevu'ah chanted in our

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The OU Israel family sends hearfelt condolences to Rabbi Neil Winkler and family on the passing of his

SISTER a"h

המקום ינחם אתכם בתוך שאר אבלי ציון וירושלים

Batei Knesset....but, in truth, I would not say it is a "pleasant" one.

The twenty-second perek of Sefer Yechezkel is filled with some of the strongest denunciations of Israel found in all of the Tanach. This haftarah selection does not focus upon those many mitzvot we hear throughout the parasha - mitzvot that would help bring the nation closer to Hashem and place them on a greater level of kedusha. Instead, Chazal chose this nevu'ah that connected to the final section of the parasha, where the Torah warns Israel against the practice of the lowest forms of human behavior. including adultery, incest and child sacrifice. Indeed, Rav Amnon Bazak brilliantly points out how the prophet lists nine of his generation's abominations (in verses 7-11) – and ALL of them are included in the two chapters of the parashat Kedoshim (19-20)!!

Now, there is little question as to why Yechezkel attacks Israel with this powerful prophecy as G-d Himself refers to Yerushalayim as "Ir HaDamim" - a city of bloodshed!! The generation of Yechezkel was guilty of committing the worst of atrocities, including bloodshed and idolatry. Thee navi knew that these people needed to hear these harsh words in the hope that they would change their sinful behavior. However, the question that concerns us is why our ancient scholars chose this prophecy to be read for all future generations on this Shabbat. And, truthfully, I find it especially troubling that our generation, a generation whose parents and/or grandparents survived the destruction of one-third of our nation – must now hear these painful words on the very Shabbat when we look forward to the upcoming celebration of Yom Ha'atzma'ut!! Would it not have been more fitting to have chosen a haftarah – even one that harshly criticized the sinful nation - but would have included some message of hope and promise for the future? Would that not have been a message more timely and appreciated by our generation, rather than one that closes with the prediction of exile and dispersion?

Yes. It is, as I said, a very UNpleasant message for us to hear on this Shabbat.

Which is why it is so important to review the entire haftarah carefully – which is what I had to do. Because the key to "unlocking" the hope hidden in this depressing and frightful prophecy can be found in the final two p'sukim.

After warning of the coming of galut, Hashem promises: "...v'hatimoti tum'atech mimech" – that in the diaspora, G-d will "remove your contamination"- a divine pledge that the oppression of exile will purify you. Hashem predicts that the many years of suffering in hostile lands will bring the nation to recognize their misdeeds and cleanse them from the sins of the past. Indeed, the very last pasuk guarantees that at that time, Israel would return to their land – a return that would be witnessed by all - and THIS, the prophet closes, will prove to His children that HE is Hashem, their G-d.

THIS is the consolation that we find in our haftarah, and THIS is what we, our generation, are witnessing today.

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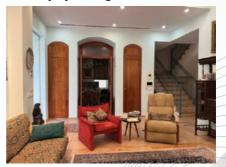
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And Hashem spoke to Moshe, saying, Speak to the entire congregation of Bnei Yisrael, and say to them, You shall **be holy**, for I, Hashem, your God, am holy. Every man shall fear his mother and his father, and you shall observe My Sabbaths. I am Hashem, your God (Vakira 19:1-3).

Parshat Kedoshim opens with a command that we should all seek to be "holy" – קדושים. That imperative is followed by two commands and a closing statement: (i) to fear one's parents – איש אמו ואביו תיראו ; (ii) to observe Shabbat – ואת שבתתי תשמורו ; and (iii) recognize that I am God – אני ה.

Is there a connection between the three items that follow the command to be holy? Fearing one's parents, observing Shabbat and recognizing God as our creator?

Rav Moshe Bick (חיי משה) offers an insightful interpretation. When one climbs the spiritual ladder, at times it leads to arrogance. One may work on their personal *kavana* (concentration) during davening which enhances their tefilla. Yet, when they see others complete *shmona esre* before them, they feel as if the other lacked proper *kavana*. When someone seeking to work on

their religious level increases the time they dedicate to learning, they may frown upon others whom they feel waste so much time that they could utilize more productively.

As we seek to enhance our spirituality, we need to be careful not to look down at others or be too proud of ourselves. Of course we should feel good with our progress, but rather than feel superior to others, we need to focus on the remaining areas in which we need to improve.

There is a Mishna in Pirke Avot (3:1) that reads as follows:

גְקַבְיָא בֶּן מַהֲלַלְאֵל אוֹמֵר, הִסְתַּכֵּל בִּשְׁלשָׁה דְבָרִים וְאִי אַתָּה בָא לִידִי עֲבַרָה. דַע מֵאַיִן בָּאתָ, וּלְאָן אַתָּה הוֹלֶךְ, וִלְפָנֵי מִי אַתָּה עָתִיד לְתֵּן דִּין וְחָשְׁבּוֹן.

Akavyah ben Mahalalel said: mark well three things and you will avoid engaging in transgressions: know from where you come, and where you are going, and before whom you are destined to give an accounting and reckoning.

This Mishna offers advice as to how to avoid engaging in sin. Always remember from where you came, to where you are headed and before whom you are to appear and be judged. Rav Bick suggests that the pasuk that follows the imperative to be "holy" – lists three items that parallel these three principles listed in the Mishna in Pirke Avot – as both serve to help one who enhances

their spiritual level from becoming arrogant.

First – one should recall from where they came – therefore the first item that follows the command of *kedoshim tehiyu* is to fear one's parents. Recognize that you are human like everyone else.

The **second** item – remember where you are headed – all week long, we look forward to Shabbat. Each day of the week is counted as yom rishon, sheni, shlishi – the first, second and third day – building up towards Shabbat. Shabbat may also reference the Yom Shekulo Shabbat – the times of the Moshiach. It highlights that we are constantly working towards something, whether it be the Shabbat, or Olam Haba. Therefore, there is no room for arrogance, as we have not completed our task. Shabbat may also refer to rest, hinting to the fact that we are human and are not immortal beings, therefore there is no reason to be conceited.

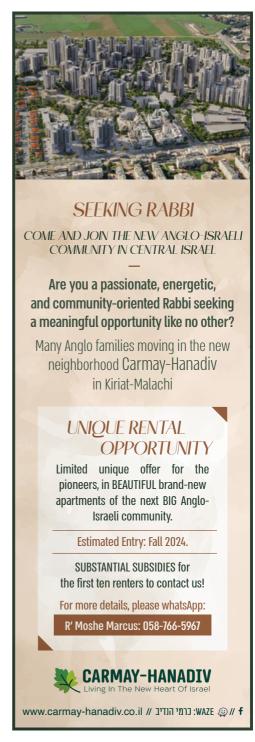
Lastly, we are to recall- before whom we are to be judged- Ani Hashem Elokechem! We are humbled by God's greatness.

It is important for us to work hard at improving our spiritual level. However, as we do so, we need to be careful and avoid looking down at others and having an arrogant attitude. Only with respect to God is it said: כל מקום שאתה מוצא גדולתו של הקב"ה שם

אתה מוצא ענוותנותו (מגילה לא, א)

Where you find God's greatness you also encounter his humility.

Man risks not being able to experience greatness and humility simultaneously. By remembering the three principles outlined in Pirke Avot and hinted to in our parsha (fearing one's parents, Shabbat and Ani Hashem), we can maintain our humility as we increase our Yirat Shamayim.



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The classic interpretation, as noted in *Sefer Hachinuch*, is that an elderly person, even one who is not a scholar, has amassed much wisdom and is thus worthy of respect. Life experience tends to impart a particular sagacity; when we encounter someone advanced in age, we can take the opportunity to value their richness of character and learn from what they have been through.

The Zohar Hakadosh flips the command around, understanding it as an exhortation to the elderly person himself. Upon approaching the later years of life, one should "stand" and take an accounting of what he has done and what more he wishes to accomplish. Shaarei Teshuva bemoans one who has reached middle age and ignores his waning strengths, unaware of his duty to improve and do teshuvah.

Old age is a gift. It allows us to focus on what is important and use our energies for

things of importance and purpose. It is a time that often affords particular clarity as to one's core values and beliefs.

A sobering idea is quoted in the name of the Maggid of Vilna. Imagine if Eliyahu Hanavi would come to a cemetery and tell the people that they have exactly twelve hours to live again in this world. We can imagine how the people would spend their time! It is doubtful that they would sit and talk politics or discuss the latest fashions. More likely they would use the time for Torah, mitzvot, chesed, and meaningful interactions with family. Continues the Maggid, what if we have more than twelve hours? How should we spend that time? And no one really knows how much time they have, let us contemplate that and use our time to live wisely.

Life offers the opportunity to learn from others and learn from our encounters. May we use the gift of our days to continue finding inspiration and growing.





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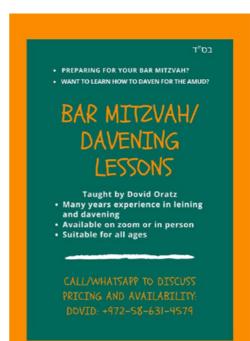
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"And You Shall Love..."

The *heiligeh* Rebbe Yisrael of Rhizin, the great-grandson of the Maggid of Mezritch, was

known for his righteousness and expansive sense of holiness. Brilliant, beloved and deeply committed to the wellbeing of Klal Yisrael, the holy Rhizner shared the following *ma'aseh* on Shabbos Parshas Kedoshim:

Reuven and Lazer were *chaverim*, best of friends, although they lived in different towns. One day, news spread of an accusation of rebellion against the king, which led to a death sentence. The accused provided clear evidence that he had no involvement in the crime, however, he was held up as a scapegoat. Ongoing threats of insurrection in the kingdom meant that everyone was ordered to watch the execution, and the horrible spectacle would serve as deterrence.

When Reuven arrived at the capital city for 'the event', he was shocked to see that the man sentenced to die, standing there before the gallows in handcuffs, was none other than Lazer. He began to push through the crowd shouting, "Wait! It was me! You've got the wrong guy! It was me! I am the guilty one!" A policeman grabbed him and brought him before the king. Seeing his friend Reuven, Lazer spoke up: "It's not true! He is innocent;

I confess I was lying, I committed the crime and I deserve to die!"

Reuven pleaded with the king who was seated upon a high platform. "Your majesty, I have known this man my whole life and he is my closest friend. Believe me, he would never do what he is accused of — it's not his personality. Please, I beg you, take me instead. I can't bear the thought of my friend being killed. I would much rather die than stand by and watch him suffer." Lazer refused to remain silent, and they both continued to contend that it was he who should be executed.

The king was always fearful that anyone, from his family to his ministers, could be plotting against him, and was deeply moved by the selfless love and loyalty of the two friends, each willing to die for the other. Finally, he couldn't bear it and stood up. "I grant you both royal pardon," he said haltingly, "but on one condition.... Please, if you would, if you could... just be my friend, like you are to each other!"

יְאָהַבְתָּ לְרֵעֲךָ כָּמוֹךָ אֲנִי ה'

"And you shall love your friend, 'the other', [just] as [you instinctively love and seek benefit for] yourself." (19:18)

Rashi quotes a medrash saying that this Divine commandment is the *klal gadol baTorah*—it is not just *one* of the most important elements, but *the* central value and goal of Torah. Indeed, loving others is none other than the highest form of spiritual expression, and the most God-like activity that we can engage in.

Chazal place our religious experience in the

context of an exclusive, intimate relationship with the Ribbono Shel Olam. Yet, the litmus test or barometer to measure our closeness with Hashem is our commitment to the mitzvah and value of v'ahavta.

V'ahayta l'rei'acha kamocha is the most omnipresent of mitzvos; in every encounter with others we have an opportunity to uphold and fulfill it. As the philosopher Martin Buber notes, in the intimacy of our religious lives, v'ahavta is so fundamental to our identity and practice that all of Yiddishkeit "lives in its light" and is animated by this mitzvah. Rebbe Klonimus Kalman Epstein of Krakow, the Maor VaShemesh, proclaims this mitzvah to be the yesod kol haTorah kulah, 'the foundation of the entire Torah'.

This week we mark Yom haZikaron, Israel's national day of remembrance for fallen soldiers and victims of terrorism. We honor the kedoshim who fell in sanctification of God's Name, martyrs about whom our Sages say, "No one [is great enough to] dwell in their section of Gan Eden" (Pesachim, 50a). An individual who has made the ultimate sacrifice for the Jewish People transcends their individual, personal status, and becomes subsumed into the collective and comprehensive level of the holiness of Nishmas Klal Yisrael, and are elevated in their death and afterlife. Those who fell al kiddush Hashem have a portion in all of our accomplishments. for we who continue to live in Eretz Yisrael today do so in their merit.

The Lubavitcher Rebbe frames the bravery and sacrifice of chayalei Tzahal as the ultimate expression of shlichus and ahavas Yisrael. In sichos that he delivered during wartime, the Rebbe refers to chayalei Tzahal as "tzadikim".



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08-955-5330 info@osdheart.co.il In the Rebbe's elevated and expansive spiritual worldview, righteousness and spiritual heroism is expressed in many forms, but the willingness to give up one's life to protect the Nation and Land is literal *mesiras nefesh*, self sacrifice, the holiest of all deeds.

Indeed, numerous sections of *Mishneh Torah* outline action-based *mitzvos* that are rooted in *v'ahavta*, including *bikur cholim*, ensuring proper burial of the dead, comforting mourners, dealing with others fairly in business, *hachnasas orchim*, providing for a *kallah*, *tzedakah*, and redeeming captives. But there is no greater expression of *v'ahavta* than the willingness to sacrifice one's life for the protection of one's fellow. There is no greater *kedushah*, no higher level of dedication to *Knesses Yisrael* than the extraordinary commitment and sacrifice of our holy soldiers and their heroic families.

This perhaps is the intent of the Rhizner's *mashal* for *Parshas Kedoshim*. When we live the full expression of "v'ahavta", self-sacrifice for one another, then, אָנִי ה', "I, Hashem, am manifest — for I want to be a part of that sacred bond of friendship as well."

Let us reassert our commitment to one another and ensure that all of our efforts in Yiddishkeit "lives in the light" of the 'klal gadol baTorah'. May the Ribono shel Olam avenge the blood of our fallen brothers and sisters, protect our beloved soldiers, and may His mercy awaken in their merit, so that we be zocheh to the complete Redemption, b'karov mamash.

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These past many months have been terribly challenging and difficult months for the Jewish People. We have experienced tremendous loss, deep anxiety and on-going concern both for our brethren who remain in harm's way, our gallant soldiers who continue to protect our borders, and for those who remain in captivity, and their dear families. As we begin *Chodesh Iyar*, which contains the days of commemoration and remembrance for those throughout the generations who have helped to build and sustain *Medinat Yisrael*, I'd like to offer a few words of reflection and context.

Just two weeks ago on the *Layl HaSeder*, we recalled-*Baruch Shomeir Havtachato L'Yisrael-Blessed is He who has kept his promise to the Jewish People.*

The saintly Rabbi *Yissacher Shlomo Teichtel, zy'a hy'd,* in his incredible moving work *Eim HaBanim Smeicha*, wrote of the fulfillment of promises that have begun to unfold with the return of the Jewish People to *Eretz Yisrael*.

Rav Abba said. There is no clearer sign of Mashiach, than when the verse (Yechezkel 36:8) is fulfilled: Mountains of Israel will give forth their fruit to My People, Israel. (Sanhedrin 98a) Our Jewish brothers came to the land and built cities, villages, gardens and orchards. They transformed great expanses of disease infested swamps into fertile lush fields. They sacrificed themselves to build the land. This must be the work of Hashem and a sign that our salvation is soon to come! This is without doubt the beginning of redemption...

As we look ahead and begin to prepare to celebrate *Yom HaAtzmaut* in the coming week, I thought it might be meaningful to share an insight from a great Torah personality from the early years of *Medinat Yisrael*.

One of the great religious personalities of the pre-state *Yishuv* and early years of *Medinat Yisrael*, was the *Ohalei Yaakov* of *Tel Aviv*, Rabbi Yaakov Friedman, zt'l, the *Admor of Husiyatin zy'a*. The Rebbe of *Husiyatin*, was fortunate to make *aliya* from Poland, just ahead of the Nazi onslaught, settling in Tel Aviv in 1938, where he lived until his passing in 1954. Within the Rebbe's beautiful teachings we not only find depth and inspiration, but are often given a glimpse of this very challenging period in Jewish History.

One particularly poignant message that *Ohalei Yaakov* shared was a sermon for the *Shabbat* of *Parshat Ki Tavo* in 1952. The *sedra* opens with these words:

V'haya Ki Tavo El Haaretz-And it shall be when you arrive upon the Land...

The *Ohr HaChaim HaKadosh*, in his comments on this verse explains: *V'haya-Lashon Simcha*. Our arrival to the Land of Israel is something to celebrate and rejoice over!

The *Rebbe of Husiyatin*, asked regarding this insight of the *Ohr HaChaim:*

When we look at the reality and spiritual circumstances here in Eretz Yisrael today (in 1952), one can't help but ask-how are we to rejoice? Yes, indeed we have merited to receive the gift of Medinat Yisrael, and for the beginning of the ingathering of the Exiles, but how can we

rejoice when we look at the lack of spirituality which seems rampant among us. I do not wish to pass judgment, Chas V'Shalom, rather our way is always to find merit and see the good. There are three reasons for the spiritual malaise which is so worrisome and a cause for deep concern. 1. A portion of our people have received a poor education 2. A portion of our people live in difficult conditions and circumstances, abject poverty 3. The Shoah which nearly decimated our people, and left so many broken physically and despondent emotionally and spiritually, from which we have yet to recover.

However, there is no room for despair! The Torah has already promised us that indeed the Jewish People will return to the ways of Hakadosh Baruch Hu- V'Shavta Ad Hashem Elokecha.

This Spiritual Renewal will not come from any other place, except for here in Eretz Yisrael. The Spiritual Renewal of Am Yisrael will indeed come forth from this Center of Jewish Life we are building now here in Eretz Visrael...."

Baruch Hashem, in the seventy two years since the Rebbe shared this powerful message, Torah learning and Jewish commitment, and ritual observance here in Eretz Yisrael has indeed grown exponentially. Baruch Shomeir Haytachato L'Yisrael- Blessed is He who has kept his promise to the Jewish People.

Yehi Ratzon, may we indeed merit to witness the fulfillment of Hashem's promise to the Jewish People, to see continued spiritual transformation taking root here in our sacred Land, and may we experience in the days ahead, the redemption and transformation of the entire world, which will flow forth from Artzeinu HaKedosha.....

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Yom Ha'atzmaut and Yom Hazikaron Under the Shadow of October 7th

The Pesach *hagaddah* cites a well-known debate regarding the mitzvah of mentioning *Yetziat Mitzrayim*. Daily, we relive the genesis of Jewish history and our epic liberation from a "house of slaves". Will this mitzvah endure even during the Messianic era? Presumably the miracles of the end of days and our triumphant final return to Yerushalayim will each be so impressive that they will overpower the miracles of *Mitzrayim* and of *keriyas yam suf*. Perhaps we will no longer be required to recall ancient events as they become eclipsed by newer and more redemptive victories.

In fact, a *pasuk* in Yirmiyahu (23) even implies that memories of *Mitzrayim* will fade during the era of *Mashiach*:

כֵן הִנֵּה־יָמִים בָּאִים נְאָם־יְקֹנֶק וְלֹא־יֹאמְרוּ עוֹד חַי־יְקֹנֶק אֲשֶׁר הֶעֱלָה אֶת־בְּנֵי יִשְׂרָאֵל מֵאֶרֶץ מִצְרָיִם

-"future days will arrive and we will no longer refer to Hashem as our Savior from Egypt". Perhaps the messianic miracles will be so overwhelming that they will obscure *Yetziat Mitzrayim*.

Of course, as the *hagaddah* itself reports, the mainstream opinion of the Chachamim asserts that we will still recall *Yetziat Mitz-rayim* even during the messianic era. By writing כל ימי חייך, the Torah demands that

we relive *Yetziat Mitzrayim* even after our final *geulah*. Old miracles aren't forgotten in light of newer and more dramatic ones.

DISTINCT ELEMENTS OF MITZRAYIM

Historical memory demands that we recall each national triumph and each moment of divine revelation and supernatural miracles. Though Mashiach may be more dramatic than Yetziat Mitzrayim, inevitably, there are redemptive aspects of Yetziat Mitzrayim which Mashiach will not, and cannot duplicate. For example, Yirmiyahu refers to the innocence of our initial faith or חסד נעוריך during Yetziat Mitzrayim. At that early stage of history, we had little exposure to Hashem and little religious momentum. Suddenly Hashem appeared to redeem us, and we followed him blindly into an arid and dangerous desert. Mashiach will occur at the terminus of history after a long odyssey of Jewish history and after many fluctuations in our national experience. "Chesed Ne'urayich" is just one element of Yetziat Mitzrayim which yemos Hamashiach will not feature. We relive *Mitzrayim* even after *Mashiach* to celebrate distinctive redemptive aspects which will not recur during final geulah.

THE TRAIL OF JEWISH HISTORY

Additionally, recalling miracles of *Mitz-rayim* even after *Mashiach* casts Jewish history as one long trail. During *Yetziat Mitzrayim* we were selected as Hashem's people and for thousands of years we have remained faithful to that selection and to our fearsome mission. Final redemption will be an evolution of a long process beginning in Egypt which snakes its way through almost every continent of this planet. Without recalling *Yetziat Mitzrayim* our view of final *geulah* becomes myopic.

New redemptions, even when dramatic, do not erase older redemptions. Jewish history is one long trail.

What is true about reliving past miracles is also true about reliving past tragedies. This year we face this precise challenge. We are still living under the dark clouds of October 7th. The war is still raging, our people are still being held hostage, and our nation is still suffering on many, many levels. There has yet to be a clear and decisive resolution to our horrible tragedy. The wound remains open. We face Yom Hazikaron and Yom Ha'atzmaut while still reeling from October 7th.

In many ways it is easier to mark Yom Ha'atzmaut under the shadow of October 7th. Yom Ha'atzmaut provides hope and meaning to our current struggle. Though October 7th felt eerily similar to previous pogroms of Jewish history, it was very different. This was the first pogrom in Jewish history followed by a war. In previous periods we were defenseless and ended one pogrom with anticipation of the next inevitable attack. We now have an army, a country, and great hopes for our future. Without whitewashing our suffering, this year we will savor Jewish independence



and Jewish sovereignty more deeply than in the past, when we may have taken it for granted. October 7th demonstrated how vulnerable we continue to be and how vital Israel is to our future security and survival. Of course, our Yom Ha'atzmaut experience this year will be muted and our expressions of joy restrained. If anything, though, October 7th lends this year's Yom Ha'atzmaut a more profound meaning.

Navigating Yom Hazikaron in the shadow of October 7th is more challenging. We have been attending funerals all winter long, while crying alongside families of heroic fallen soldiers. For months we have commiserated, as best we can, with the suffering of the families of hostages. We have seen the faces and heard the stories of innocent people who were massacred during that malicious attack. It feels as if we have just lived through a six-month Yom Hazikaron.

We have been constantly preoccupied with the memory of those who fell during this horrible day. As we should be.

However it is crucial that on this Yom Hazikaron we stretch our imaginations to recall past tragedies and memorialize heroes from past struggles rather than streaming our entire Yom Hazikaron exclusively through October 7th. Modern miracles do not make ancient ones obsolete. Likewise recent tragedies, as horrible as they were, do not erase the tragedies and the heroism of the past.

EACH HERO DESERVES HONOR

On Yom Hazikaron we recall fallen soldiers of past wars because they each deserve honor and deserve not to be forgotten. Additionally, we recall their sacrifice because they faced conditions very different from ours, and fought in battles while facing uncertainties we do not confront.

The soldiers of 1948 fought valiantly in the aftermath of the Holocaust. Many soldiers were themselves Holocaust survivors and even those who didn't endure the Holocaust fought under its demoralizing influence. Additionally, in its infant stage, our state had little infrastructure, was only moderately armed, and faced an attack from six armies.

In 1967 we faced an existential threat and



feared for the survival of our nation. The 19 years since the inception of Israel were years of economic deprivation and diplomatic isolation. We stood alone, facing a hostile world. In retrospect, of course, we witnessed spectacular divine miracles, but the soldiers who battled and fell during 1967 didn't know its eventual outcome.

The surprise attacks of 1973 spread widespread shock and disbelief within Israel. As on October 7th, we were trapped in outdated conceptions and in military complacency, relying heavily upon false strategic assumptions Initial heavy casualties caused immense grief and sorrow. Without the heroism of our army in reversing the tide of the war the outcome of 1973 would have been even more devastating.

Each soldier who fell in defense of our country and each victim of terror deserves our attention and our honor. They should not be forgotten.

THE LONG ROAD HOME

Additionally, on Yom Hazikaron we remember the past to better frame October 7th within the long trail of Jewish history. Just as redemptive moments stem from previous experiences of *geulah*, similarly, our tragedies and struggles all merge into one trail.

Some refer to the post-October 7th war as a continuation of the War of Independence of 1948. From a political perspective this is absolutely correct. We still face existential threats. The world has still not endorsed our return to our ancient homeland. The spurious and ignorant claims that we are colonialists signal that much of this world has still not read the first Rashi in the Torah which announces that Hashem created all reality and that He earmarked His land for His people. Seventy-five years after Independence, we are still fighting

to solidify our borders, our security, and our international standing.

However, from a broader historical perspective our struggle didn't begin in 1948, but thousands of years earlier. Our settlement of Israel wasn't meant to be this arduous. Initially, we were meant to stride into Israel a few months after *Yetziat Mitzrayim*, defeat 31 warlords, launch Jewish monarchy, build a *Mikdash*, and usher in an era of widespread knowledge of Hashem and universal prosperity. On the doorstep of this utopia, we flinched. Our repeated betrayals of Hashem doomed us to exile and condemned us to a more challenging historical mission.

From the moment we were expelled from Yerushalayim in 70 CE, we have been struggling to return to Israel. For much of our history our efforts weren't political or military. All we could do was quietly hope and pray while steadfastly maintaining our faith and our traditions. Living in foreign lands and conducting a Godlike lifestyle, we suffered hatred and violence. Though it wasn't evident or apparent, our faith and commitment were helping us gradually crawl our way back into history.

In 1948 we were afforded the opportunity to become more proactively involved in our return. We no longer crawled, but sprinted.



However, as during the past two thousand years, our return to Yerushalayim continues to be difficult and painful. The rerouting of Jewish history and our painfully challenging return to Israel didn't begin on October 7th. It didn't begin in 1948. It began thousands of years ago. It could have been different.

So, on Yom Hazikaron while reliving October 7th, perhaps avoid focusing solely on that dark day and its victims. There will be opportunities in the future- especially on the days after *Simchat Torah* earmarked for October 7th memorials- to relive that sorrow. On Yom Hazikaron stretch your imagination to relive the ongoing struggle of the past 75 years and to honor each and every hero who sacrificed their life during this transformative period of Jewish history.

Broadening our vision beyond October 7th helps us better frame this day within the long trail of Jewish history and the long road home.

Rabbi Taragin's new book about the war in Israel 'Dark Clouds Above, Faith Below' is now available in bookstores, or at:



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Finding the Silver Lining

PARSHAT KEDOSHIM - YECHEZKEL 22

בֶּן־אָדָם הָיּוּ־לִּי בֵית־יִשְׂרָאֵל (לסוג) [לְסִיג] כָּלָם נְחֹשֶׁת וּבְדִיל וּבַרְזֶל וְעוֹפֶרֶת בְּתוֹךְ כּוּר סִגִּים כַּסף היוּ

O mortal, the House of Israel has become dross to Me; they are all copper, tin, iron, and lead. But in a crucible, the dross shall turn into silver.

This week's haftorah is particularly harsh, so much so that there are those opinions who suggest reading alternative texts rather than this one. And in fact, due to the calendar and double parshiyot, this haftorah is rarely read. Is it possible that this nevua is all bleak with no message of hope?

In the penultimate pasuk of the haftorah, we are presented with a powerful metaphor of transformation. The Jewish people are compared to base metals which are of little value and are often associated with impurity and imperfection. The people are describe as xo, dross, the scum formed on the surface of molten metal. Despite this depiction of unwanted materials, the pasuk

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concludes on a hopeful note. It speaks of a crucible, a vessel used to melt metals at high temperatures. In this crucible, the dross the impurities - will be separated from the precious metal, and the base metals will be transformed into silver.

This imagery conveys a profound message of redemption and renewal. It reminds us that even in our lowest moments, when we may feel impure and rejected, there exists the potential for transformation and elevation. Just as the dross can be refined into silver, so too can we undergo a process of growth. As we face challenges and struggles in our lives, we can take solace in the knowledge that these experiences do not mark the end of our story. Like the metals in the crucible, we have the capacity to be refined and purified through adversity. Every trial we endure has the potential to strengthen our connection to our faith.

During these extreme times of pain and suffering, Yechezkel gives us the strength to know that from the depths of hardship, we can emerge as something precious and beautiful. Just as the dross turns into silver, so too can we turn our trials into triumphs, our struggles into strengths, and our challenges into opportunities for spiritual growth and connection.

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peace and pursued peace.

Yoni thanks Hashem for having the opportunity of having Tziporah his life, to learn of her caring, patience and happiness, to overcome her challenges. May Tziporah's Neshama be a light onto the world, in a time of darkness, and may her Neshama shine to Gan Eden. Yoni misses Tziporah with tears in his eyes, as Hashem gave him a gift, a crown jewel, now he returns her to Hashem.

With thanks and Toda. Love, Yoni

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The Secret Sanctity of the Land

Rav Yeshayahu Shapira (1895-1945), belovedly known as the *Admor HaChalutz*, compiled the teachings of Rav Avraham Yitzchak Hakohen Kook zt"l in a small sefer he titled, *Eretz Chefetz*. Rabbi Shapira was a Chassidic Zionist pioneer, the brother of the famed Rabbi Kalonimus Kalman Shapira Hy"d, often known by his sefer, the *Aish Kodesh*. Rabbi Yeshayahu Shapira settled in Erertz Yisrael in 1920, leaving behind the glory of leading a great Chassidic court in order to physically help build up the Land.

The following is the first entry in his profound volume (*Eretz Chefetz* 1:1):

"Eretz Yisrael is not an external entity, [it is not] an external acquisition for the nation, [it is not] a means to achieving a collective whole], [it is not intended to] strengthen the nation's physical existence, or even its spirituality. [Rather,] Eretz Yisrael is an essential unit which is eternally bound to the life of the nation; united by inner characteristics to its existence"

In the above passage Rav Avraham Yitzchak Kook is teaching that the Land of Israel carries singular importance for the Jew and the Jewish people. It is unlike any other mitzvah. The Holy Land is integral to the very life and existence of the nation. Rav Kook, throughout his lifetime, passionately taught that we are entering a unique era in our nation's revitalization with the return to the motherland.

Indeed, the deep spiritual significance of Eretz Yisrael has its roots in the Jew's first encounter with the Land. The mystical work of the Zohar teaches that when our forefather Avraham was introduced to the Land of Israel for the very first time Hashem informed Avraham that there is an inner dimension of the Land that even he cannot comprehend. "The power of the Land is deep and concealed" (*Zohar*, 1:78a).

The following statement once uttered by the Gerrer Rebbe beautifully captures the idea expressed in the Zohar: B'nei Yisrael tzrichin le'Eretz Yisrael, ve'Eretz Yisrael tzricha le'benei Yisrael", "The people of Israel need the Land of Israel and the Land of Israel needs the people of Israel." (Sfat Emet. Parshat Maasei, חרמין).

When we speak of the intrinsic bond that exists between the people of Israel and the Land of Israel, Rashi's first teaching on the Torah is vital. Rashi cites Rav Yitzchak who says that since the Torah is primarily a book of laws, it should have commenced with the commandment of the new moon (Shemot 12:2), the first law that was addressed to all of Jewry as a nation. He explains that the reason for the Torah's narrative of Creation is to establish that God is the Sovereign of the

universe: He declared to His people the power of his works in order to give them the heritage of the nations (Psalms 111:6). If the nations accuse Israel of banditry for seizing the lands of the seven nations of Canaan, Israel can respond, "The entire universe belongs to God. He created it and He granted it to whomever He deemed fit. This was His desire to give it to them and then it was His desire to take it from them and give it to us." (Rashi, Bereshit 1:1)

Rav Kook's eminent disciple, Rabbi Yaakov Moshe Charlop, expounded on the verse in Tehillim quoted above by Rashi: "He declared to His people...". The verse does not say that God announced this axiom to the world. Rather, it is most important for the Jew to know and be convinced that the Land of Israel is our chosen Land and then, and only then, will the world follow suit. Regrettably, we as a people often forget the Land's centrality and its spiritually-saturated composition. (Mei Marom, Nemukei Mikraot, Parshat Bereshit)

Rashi, once again towards the end of the five books of the Torah, makes a remarkable assertion concerning the Land of Israel. In the paragraph we recite daily as part of Kriat Shema (Devarim 11:18), Rashi cites the Sifre that the juxtaposition of these commandments with the threat of exile (v.17) is meant to teach the Jew that he should observe the commandments even when in exile, so that when the redemption occurs, they will not have forgotten how to perform them. This comment plainly implies that the commandments do not have their complete significance when they are observed outside of the Land. Only in the Land do the observance of mitzvot have their magnitude of holiness.

In a similar vein, Rav Kook offered an

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exquisite interpretation regarding the talmudic episode of the sage Rabbi Abba, who was born and schooled in Babylonia, kissing the rocks of Acre upon arriving in the Land of Israel (Ketubot 112a). Ray Kook found meaning in the fact that Rabbi Abba pressed his lips specifically to the stones. Had he kissed the earth, we might have thought that he was enamored by those mitzvot that are outgrowths of the soil, such as bringing the first fruits to the Temple or separating tithes from fruits and vegetables. To put it in the terms above, one might have said that he expressed his recognition of the Land's manifest holiness. But a gesture of love to rocks cannot possibly carry this meaning. Rabbi Abba's love for the Land of Israel was unconditional and based on its essential holiness. (Raz, Angel Among Men, p. 272)

A similar episode is reported on the final page in Tractate *Ketubot* (112b): Rabbi Chiya bar Gamda would roll in the dust of the Land as it is stated, "For Your students take pleasure in her stones, and love her dust" (Psalms 102:15). Rashi, who typically offers his elucidation in order to clarify the text, in this case simply repeats the verse verbatim from Psalms without any further explanation. This seems strange.

Rav Zvi Yehuda Kook says that Rashi duplicates the verse without adding any information, to emphasize the importance of 'her stones' and the intrinsic *kedusha* of the Land, in and of itself ('Torat Eretz Yisrael,' Samson, p. 229).

Another answer to the above question points out that Rashi actually omitted one word, *sh'ne'emar* ('as it says in the verse') - which is found in the text of the Gemara. Thus, Rashi is teaching that Rabbi Chiya bar Gamda did not engage in the practice simply because he felt compelled based on the command expressed in the verse. Rather, he was naturally drawn to the Land. He felt a deep love and attachment which fused him with the Land itself. (Cited in the name of The *Imrei Emes*, the fourth Gerrer Rebbe, see 'The Talmudic Sages Love for Eretz Yisrael,' Eretz Yisrael Yomi, Arutz Sheya).

Today, ushering in the 76th anniversary of the founding of the State of Israel, we should feel inspired to express thanks and be filled with wonder seeing our nation's growth and achievements in the Holy Land. In the early 1900's, still quite a few years before the founding of the State, Rav Kook communicated his profound gratefulness for playing a distinctive role in helping to rebuild Eretz Yisrael:

"Blessed is the Lord who made for me this soul, and through His supernal maneuverings brought me to work - with my limited power - on the mountains of Israel at this fortunate time that the flow of life for the people of the Lord upon its soil is being gathered in; to be one of those aiding in the work of Heaven; to be one of those orchestrating the holy work, to "establish in Zion a fortress, a costly cornerstone" (Isaiah 28:16). (*Eretz Chefetz* 8:8).

May each one of us merit to discover our distinct role in strengthening the people of Israel in the Land of Israel and assist in reaching the desired and ultimate goal of the geulah shleimah.

Rabbi Goldscheider is the author of the newly published book 'Torah United' (OU Press), featuring divrei Torah on the weekly parasha from Rav Kook, Rabbi Solovetichik, and the Chassidic Masters.



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Counting Sefira Somewhat Early

לעילוי נשמת **יואל אפרים בן אברהם עוזיאל זלצמן ז"ל**

Question: My shul davens Mincha right before sunset and Ma'ariv right after it. During the sefira period, may I rely on sefirat ha'omer done at that time?

Answer: We find different starting times for *mitzvot* of the night/next halachic day. The time for evening *Kri'at Shema* is *tzeit hakochavim* (=*tzhk*; the emergence of three stars) (Berachot 2a; Shulchan Aruch, Orach Chayim 235:1). The main *mitzvot* of *Seder* night are also from *tzhk* (Rosh, Pesachim 10:2). In contrast, one may make *Kiddush* on Shabbat from *plag hamincha*, well before sunset (Shulchan Aruch, OC 267:2), and according to many, can also *daven Ma'ariv* then (Berachot 27a; Shulchan Aruch and Rama, OC 233:1).

Regarding *sefirat ha'omer*, the Rashba (Shut I:154) posits that counting while it is still daytime is worthless, because the number day counted is wrong, and one must repeat it at night. He and the Shulchan Aruch (OC 489:2) say that "those who are careful" count after *tzhk*.

However, there are halachic indications for leeway. The Avudraham (see Beit Yosef, OC 489), says that one who *davens* in a *minyan* for *Ma'ariv* before the end of the day, counts with them without a *beracha* and should plan to

repeat the counting at night with a *beracha*. He explains that he should do this with intention that if he forgets to repeat it later, the earlier counting can be of some value. The Beit Yosef is skeptical of this condition's efficacy, but he cites the *halacha* anyway (Shulchan Aruch ibid. 3). The assumption, though, is that we do not want to rely on the early *sefira*.

However, regarding bein hashemashot (=bhsh), between sunset and tzhk, there is significant room for leniency, especially because it is likely that sefirat ha'omer in our times, when no korban ha'omer is brought, is only a Rabbinic obligation (see Tosafot, Menachot 66a; the Rambam, Temidin 7:24 posits it is still from the Torah.) The Magen Avraham (489:6) says one who counted during bhsh fulfills the mitzvah. The Mishna Berura (489:14) explains that since bhsh is a safek of whether it is night or day and since we assume the mitzvah is Rabbinic, leniency is understandable.

However, many *poskim* frown upon counting during *bhsh*. Some warn against dismissing the Rambam's opinion that the *mitzvah* is still from the Torah (see Eliya Rabba 489:10). Others point

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out that we avoid relying on doubts regarding Rabbinic *mitzvot* when we can do them without doubt; this is especially so when a *beracha* is involved and when one night of invalid *sefira* can disqualify future nights' *sefira* and their *berachot* (see Divrei Yatziv, OC 214).

The exact time of your *shul*'s *sefira* can be impactful. The earliest time that might be *tzhk* is 13.5 minutes after sunset (there are different opinions, by a few minutes, of when sunset is in hilly regions); many posit that *tzeit* is approximately 20 minutes after sunset. On the other hand, according to Rabbeinu Tam's approach (albeit our communities mainly do not factor it in to their decisions), *bhsh* **starts** only around an hour after sunset.

There are often strong communal reasons to have no break or a short one between *Mincha* and *Ma'ariv*, and these can justify an earlier than ideal *sefirat ha'omer*. For the individual, the best practice from a purist perspective is to count on the basis of the "*sefira* leader's" *beracha* (who should have in mind to be *motzi* anyone who wants/needs it – see Pri Chadash, OC 489:8) and then repeat the *sefira* without



a beracha when it is definitely time. This is different from the Avudraham above who had people do their main sefira at night without a minyan and the earlier counting was "just in case." Here, we assume the main counting is during bhsh with the tzibbur (it is generally better to count with the tzibbur – see Ba'er Heitev, OC 489:20; Minchat Yitzchak IX:56) and the repetition is in case it had been too early. Nowadays, if one uses apps and alarms to remind him to count, there is little room for concern. If one is self-conscious about just answering amen or fears it can be divisive, he may join the community's practice and make the beracha during bhsh.

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Swords of Iron #3: Involuntary *Hefker* and Owner's Despair

What is the status of produce that it is clear that the owners despaired of their crops? Such as, when tanks overrun a carrot field, significantly damaging the crop, or when farmers are not authorized to enter and harvest their apple trees up North.

Can we infer that the owners have abandoned the produce? If so, harvesting them would not be considered theft nor is the produce obligated in *terumot* and *ma'aserot*.

The Gemara discusses at what stage we can assume owners have abandoned their produce.

The *Mishnah* in *Ma'aserot* (3:4) states: "if a fig tree overhangs the road, and he found figs beneath it, they are allowed [with regard to the laws] of robbery, and they are exempt from tithing." Rash explains that it is clear that the owners have despaired of them, and thus they are *hefker*.

The Mishnah (Bava Metzia 2:1) permits taking scattered fruits. The Gemara (Bava Metzia 21) explains that this applies to produce scattered within a specific radius, when the majority of the produce was home and only a small amount was left behind. If the quantity and radius of the scattering require significant effort to collect, people will not bother

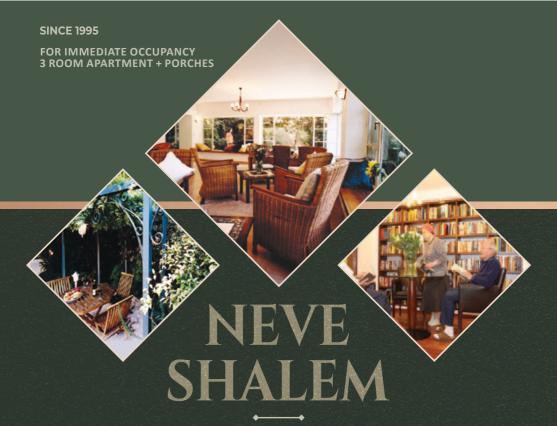
gathering them and will abandon them.

The Gemara in Nedarim (62) discusses the fig drying process. Throughout fig harvest season, figs are harvested and dried in the field. Once most of the fruits is harvested, the figs are taken home, but some figs are still on the trees. The Gemara states that it is not theft to harvest these figs and they are exempt from tithing. The Rishonim explain that the owners have abandoned (Tosafot) or despaired (Ran) of the remaining fruits.

The Mishnah in *Peah* (8:1) states that it is permissible for anyone to gather stalks of grain (and elsewhere, grapes) that are *lekket* gleanings from the time that the poor have passed there twice and gleaned. Yerushalmi explains that when the poor do not arrive because there are paltry pickings we presume that they have despaired, it is not considered theft from the poor and anyone can glean.

CONCLUSION

In areas where it is clearly not feasible for farmers to harvest their produce it is considered ownerless. Examples: fruits that have fallen to the ground or on a tree that has been uprooted by a tank. In these cases, taking it is not considered theft, and the produce is exempt from tithes.



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Rabbi Eliezer Silver, a leader of American Jewry in the 1940's, was the president of the Vaad Hatzalah, the committee established during the Holocaust to rescue Jews from Europe and to help the survivors.

A short time after the war ended, Rabbi Silver arrived at one of the Displaced Persons (DP) camps. He organized a prayer service and invited one of the survivors to participate. This man adamantly refused to take part in the prayers, explaining his position by way of the following story:

"In the camps, there was a religious man who had somehow managed to smuggle in a siddur which he gave other prisoners to use. At first, I admired him for his courage and compassion for others, but I soon found out the rest of the story: This man would "lend" people this siddur in exchange for food, thus taking advantage of them in their weakened state. Starving Jews would hand him their last morsel of bread in exchange for a few minutes with his siddur. If this is the way Jewish people act, I will never open a siddur again!"

Rabbi Silver listened to this story, thought about it for a moment, and responded gently:

"My dear Jew, I understand how you must

be feeling. It is difficult to judge a person in such horrific circumstances, and you are correct that he should not have used his siddur this way.

But I have only one question for you: Why do you focus on the man who used his siddur to take food away from starving Jews? Why not focus, instead, on those starving Jews who were willing to give up their last piece of bread for a chance to pray from a siddur? And, now, how can we not continue to do that for which they were willing to sacrifice their lives?"

I don't think it's a coincidence that I heard this story for the first time this year. Because even after we have come face to face with absolute evil, we can still choose what to focus on, how to respond, and how to interpret events.

We can easily point to the mistakes made (on October 7), the horrific slaughter of innocents, oversights and failures yet to be analyzed — all the horrors of that Simchat Torah. Or, instead, we can choose to focus on the triumph of the human spirit, on the will to carry on, on the outpouring of love and caring, and on the incredible faith and strength that have emerged since that day.

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SPECIAL GUEST DVAR TORAH FOR YOM HAZIKARON

Fighting for Kedusha with Kedusha

I love how the Torah "speaks" to us. You can practically "hear" Hashem talk to us today through His Torah. This year, Yom HaZikaron and Yom HaAtzmaut are in between particularly lofty parshiot: Kedoshim and Emor. Hashem tells Moshe to speak to the entire assembly of Bnei Yisrael and commands them "Be Holy" קדוש אני קדוש אני קדוש מת כי קדוש אני קדושים תהיי- כי קדוש אני קדוש לא לא יטמא בעמיו.

You see, for months I have been comparing our soldiers to Kohanim.



Five years ago, at the age of 16, Binyamin made a list of 55 things he wanted. One of them was to be a Kohen. Seems so peculiar since we are not a family of kohanim. I'm not sure what he meant by this as I only found this list in a drawer in his bedroom after he was killed. To stay separate and ritually pure? To be selfless in G-dly service? To be the intermediary between the people and G-d? All possibilities. Ultimately, however, to be a kohen is to live to die for Hashem (for more, see Rashi 22:32. ת"ל ונקדשתי).

Rav Noach Weinberg zt"l said "it's easier to die once for Gd then it is to live every day for him". The way Binyamin died on Nov 18th in Gaza was a continuation of how he lived. Constant מסירות נפש for קדושת עם ישראל וארץ.

These are our soldiers. Our holy Tzahal. They are fighting day and night, risking their lives solely out of complete מסירות נפש. They are Hashem's servants doing their job to

protect His land and His people. They are not thinking about themselves. They don't care about how heavy their equipment is or how tired their body might be. They cannot mourn for their friends and loved ones when they want. They must march on and continue their job. They are משרתי ה', real kohamin.

During this war, our soldiers have witnessed and recognized השגחה פרטית. They have been stripped of caring solely for themselves and for materialism. Our Tzahal live and breathe unity and kedusha.

They are our role models.

Every year, I'm a basket case on Yom HaZikaron. As a family, we spend the day learning about different soldiers, crying for the loss and devastation. Broken for all the spilled blood our Holy Land has absorbed in order for us to live as עם חופשי בארצנו. Devastated for the incomplete families who sacrificed their loved ones against their wills.

The magnitude is too great to bear.

This year will be different as our loss has unfortunately become personal. Every day for the last six months has been Yom HaZikaron for our family. So we have a different plan of how our family will observe Yom HaZikaron תשפד. The Airleys plan to go plant and build in the Shomron, a place Binyamin spent

years protecting our אדמת קודש even before he was a Paratrooper. We will go continue what Binyamin started.

Binyamin loved our Land with every cell in his body and only wanted to see it flourish.

He planted a vineyard erev Sukkot and we hope to go plant more.

הזורעים בדמעה ברינה יקצורו.

We will continue to plant and build- physically, spiritually, mentally and emotionallyuntil the time will come to reap all that has been sown בע"ה בקרוב ממש,with the greeting of Mashiach, the ultimate Building, the בית and בית of all our loved ones. ■

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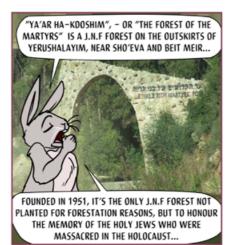


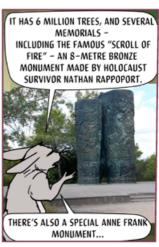








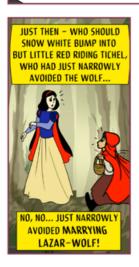


















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We're All in the Same Boat

In this week's Parsha we're provided with an abundance of Mitzvos, however, there's one whose wording in the Psukim seems to stand out. Teaching the obligation to rebuke one's fellow Jew the Torah says "הוכח תוכיח את־עמיתך ולא־תשא עליו חטא", "You shall surely rebuke your fellow". Onkelos translates the the latter part of the verse interestingly- that if one does not give warranted rebuke then that mere passivity will in fact cause that person to be guilty instead!

To understand what Onkelos is trying to teach, the Kli Yakar provides a Mashal. He depicts a man on a boat, who hears a loud sound coming from one of the suites. Upon investigating, he finds a fellow boatmate drilling holes right into the wall. Immediately, the man tells the driller to stop what he's doing, however the driller retorts, 'Why should I? It's my own room- I can do whatever I like!', to this the man responds, 'Of course it's your own room, but if you don't stop making holes then the whole boat will go down!'.

The lesson is clear- too often we see ourselves and our actions as isolated events, and that in this vacuum we don't affect anyone but ourselves; however this is a completely

false notion. It is crucial to realize that Am Yisrael functions differently, as we are all interconnected along with our actions and therefore responsible for one another as it is said "כל ישראל ערבים זה לזה"; we are not simply individuals, rather we are united as something much greater.



Jojo Fass 10th Grade Reit Shemesh

Critical Thinking

הוֹכֵחַ תּוֹכִיחַ אֶת-עֲמִיתֶּךְ, וְלֹא-תִשָּׂא עָלָיו חֵטְא "Thou Shalt surely rebuke thy neighbor and not bear sin because of him." 19:17

One of the many Mitzvot that is recorded in Parshat Kedoshim is the commandment of rebuking a fellow Jew if you see them committing an Aveirah. Although the Torah assumes that the intent of the rebuker must be noble and that the receiver would welcome that correction, the Gemara (Erachin 16b) doubts that there is anyone in our generation that will accept rebuke (R' Tarfon). It also questions if there is anyone in today's generation that knows how to give rebuke properly (R' Elazar ben Azaria).

If that is the case, then what is the current lesson we can learn from this pasuk/Mitzvah.

I saw two other interpretive readings of this pasuk that I believe can positively impact our lives:

The Havot Yair reads the pasuk as follows:

when you rebuke your neighbor, **do not place sin upon him.** Meaning, when correcting another, one should not treat him as a wicked man but should stress his dignity while helping him understand the wrong that he did.

Another creative interpretation is offered by the Sefat Emet who suggests this alternate reading of the pasuk; "though shalt surely rebuke (thyself) with thy neighbor." Meaning, when you rebuke your neighbor, you should be examining yourself at the same time.

We live in a time that debate, arguments, and protests have reached unhealthy, toxic, and unproductive levels. Imagine how much shalom would be created if we rebuked without denigrating the dignity of others as well as perform a *cheshbon hahnefesh* on ourselves while pointing figures at others.



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BAT YAM - FIRST LINE - ON THE BEACH



LUXURY - BOUTIQUE BUILDING ONLY 8 APARTMENTS LEFT 2 BEDROOMS & 3 BEDROOMS

ALL APARTMENTS - PARKING & MACHSAN

NORTH NETANYA - STARTING AT 3.21M NIS



PENTHOUSE - 170sqm + 56 sqm Balcony STARTING FROM 6.1M NIS (2 LEFT)

ALL APARTMENTS - PARKING & MACHSAN

RA'ANANA NEW - STARTING AT 3.11 M NIS



2 BEDROOMS FROM 3.11M NIS 3 BEDROOMS FROM 3.26M NIS 4 BEDROOMS FROM 4.1M NIS

+ INDOOR PARKING

+ STORAGE ROOM

NAHARIYA STARTING AT 1.69M NIS ABOUT THE PROPERTIES:



3 BEDROOMS 111 SQM + 12 SQM PORCH 4 BEDROOMS 129 SQM + 18 SQM PORCH INCLUDES: SHABBAT ELEVATORS + STORAGE

ROOM + 1 SPOT PARKING (4 BEDROOMS = 2

TIBERIAS - LAKE KINNERET - FROM 1.7M NIS



4-room apartment, 136 square meters, fourth floor, master bedroom with shower toilet and walk-in closet, bathroom, storage room and private parking

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YOM HAZIKARON

SUNDAY, MAY 12TH | AMMUNITION HILL | DOORS OPEN AT 17:30, SEATING AT 19:00, CEREMONY AND SIREN AT 20:00

Guest Speakers:

Orna & Ronen Neutra (Parents of kidnapped lone soldier Omer Neutra, who is currently being held hostage in Gaza)

Rabbi Leo Dee (Husband and father of Lucy, Maia, and Rina H"YD)

Robin Lubin (Mother of Rose Lubin H"YD)

Dr. Tuvia Book (Former Lone Soldier, currently serving as a combat medic) Richard Corman, Chairman of The Board, The Michael Levin Base



Performance by the IDF Rabbinical Choir, and musical presentation by The Michael Levin Base Ensemble

IDF Paratroopers Flag March - Torch Lighting Ceremony - Kaddish Kel Moleh - Hatikvah

This is an English speaking and outdoor event, please dress accordingly. Easy transportation via light rail (Ammunition Hill Stop). For more information regarding transportation or group

tickets, info@thebase.org.il

TICKETS: 50/100/150 NIS
HTTPS://CAUSEMATCH.COM/TMLB-PROJECTS
OR SCAN THE QR CODE

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