

ALIYA-BY-ALIYA SEDRA SUMMARY

RABBI REUVEN TRADBURKS
RCA ISRAEL REGION

PARSHAT KI TAVO

The parsha begins the conclusion of our Torah. The book of Devarim consists of Moshe's long speech at the end of his life. His speech is crafted beautifully, a magnum opus of past, present and future. He began with a review of our history, including successes and failures and their lessons for the impending settling of the Land. He then outlined what a Jewish society shall look like; 170 mitzvot including ethical monotheism in all its color, nation building of judiciary, legislature and executive and the high ethical calling in the life of the individuals. Parshat Ki Tayo has but 6 mitzvot. It is the beginning of the conclusion of Moshe's charge to the people. It is followed by 4 very short parshiot, which combined would be a long parsha. Meaning, we are barely a parsha length from the end of the Torah following Ki Tayo. This is the end of our Torah. And this section deals not with the present task at hand, the impending settling of the Land. It gazes into the future; the distant future, the exile that follows the successful settlement of the Land.



1ST ALIYA (DEVARIM 26:1-11)

When settled in the Land,

Mazal Tov to the Menache, Wolgel, Coven, Sofer and Trejger Families on the Wedding of



Yosef Dovid and Yaffa Oriah



bring your first fruits as an offering. When offered, declare the following: My forefathers descended to Egypt, were enslaved, called out and You redeemed them with a strong arm, bringing them to this Land of milk and honey. And I am acknowledging that I have benefitted from all that, rejoicing in all the good I have been given.

This mitzvah of Bikkurim, of first fruits, is a rich one. But besides its own beauty, lies its significance in the narrative of Devarim. In Bikkurim, the successful farmer gives a full-throated expression of how fortunate he is to be where he is. He stands on the shoulders of our history. Egypt, redemption, the Land and now little me, enjoying a bounty in the Land. That is a beautiful mitzvah of gratitude and appreciation. But it is also foreshadowing. Know, my people, Moshe is saying, know that this is the way you should live. Appreciative, aware, a sense of history, placing G-d at the core of your success. And rejoicing, having simcha. This is a foreshadow to the horrible curses Moshe will outline should this ideal not be realized. Here is the way it should be. And could be.



In the 3rd year, declare that all tithes have been given: I

have given the holy tithes as well as those to the Levi and the needy. I have done all that I have been commanded to do. Gaze down from Your holy place in the heavens and bless us in this Land flowing with

milk and honey.

The division of the parshiot of the Torah wanted these 2 mitzvot to be included in Ki Tavo and not as the concluding list of mitzvot in Ki Teitzei. Because Moshe is no longer concerned with what Jewish life will look like in the Land. He is rather getting ready to relate the Curses. He has described the essentials of Jewish society that is about to be created. Now he is peering into the future. When we are no longer in the Land. It might be downright demoralizing to hear your leader speaking about your impending failure. So, Moshe must give encouragement. Here are some mitzvot that you will do as a farmer. The people think: oh, we are going to be successful farmers, bringing first fruits and giving tithes. An image of success. That is encouraging.



3RD ALIYA (26:16 - 19)

Today G-d is commanding you to keep His laws with all your

heart. You declare today that He will be your G-d and you will keep His laws. And He declares that you will be a treasured nation, to elevate you, to be a glorious and holy people.

A brief statement but a powerful one. We are both committed: we to Him, He to us. This is our noble calling. The entire Torah has been this story; we are His people, He is our G-d



4TH ALIYA (27:1 - 10)

Moshe with the elders commanded the people: upon enter-

ing the Land, establish a monument of stones with this entire Torah written upon it. Build an altar in front of it, offer offerings and rejoice before your G-d. Moshe, the Kohanim and the Leviim spoke: know

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that today you are G-d's people.

Monuments, stone, permanence. The Torah shall be permanent in the life in the Land. Note the people Moshe enlists here: first, the elders join him in commanding the people. Then, the Kohanim and the Leviim. The encouragement of the people comes from all levels of leadership.

And the word Hayom, today, occurs 3 times in just 4 verses in the previous aliya and 3 times in just 10 verses in this aliya. Rashi comments that the mitzvot should feel to us as if they were given to us today; fresh, exciting, relevant. But the other side of this reciprocal relationship should also be fresh daily; that we should feel daily, all the time, that G-d views us as a treasured nation. The mitzvot should be fresh; the majesty of our station should be fresh daily as well.



5TH ALIYA (27:11 - 28:6)

Moshe commanded the people: 6 tribes shall be on Har Gerizim.

6 on Har Eval. The Leviim shall be between the mountains, pronouncing the following, affirmed with Amen by the people. Cursed is the one who: makes idols in private, curses parents, alters the Land demarcations with his neighbor, deceives the blind, manipulates justice of the weak, commits incest, strikes another privately, takes a

In loving memory of my mother

Pearl Katz a"h פעסה בת אפרים זאב ע"ה

Memphis, Tennessee On her 22nd Yahrtzeit - 18 Elul

Ronnie Katz

bribe resulting in corporal punishment, or fails to keep the Torah. **The Blessings and Curses: If you keep the mitzvot**, you will be a glorious nation. You will be blessed with children, with produce, and flocks.

The dramatic presentation of who is cursed is conspicuous; all things done in private. With all the needs of communal leadership, the core of our religious life is our personal relationship with G-d. It is the things done in private that truly convey our allegiance. When no one is looking, He is. And this is foreshadowing of the upcoming blessings and curses. For we will never truly be in a position to assess the fullness of the righteousness or failing of our people, for who can see into the hearts of human beings.



6TH ALIYA (28:7 - 69)

You will be blessed with military success, with an abundance

of G-d's treasury, and excelling over others. But if you do not do the mitzvot: you will be cursed. In offspring, produce, flocks, illness. Enemies will chase you. You will be carrion in the field. Illness, blindness, dementia, wandering without direction. You will not enjoy the fruits of your labor; they will be snatched from you. This will all drive you mad. You will be carried off to other nations, serving idols there. Your efforts there will not be successful. You will sink, other nations rise. You will be derided as one who abandoned G-d, refusing to serve Him in your success. All

Condolences to
Elihu Goldsmith and family
on the passing of his BROTHER z"l
המקום ינחם אתכם בתוך שאר אבלי ציון וירושלים

will disintegrate; your family, your social structure, those dear to you. Illnesses will decimate you. In lieu of being as the stars of the heavens, you will be miniscule. You will be thrown around the world, serving idols, finding no solace, fearful day and night. You will even end up back in Egypt, the place you were to never return. This is the covenant of the plains of Moav.

This aliya is the aliya of the curses; what will occur due to our abandonment of G-d and of mitzvot. And it is long; at 63 verses, one of the longest in the entire Torah. In this, Moshe moves well beyond the present. He has been preoccupied, understandably, with what is necessary to build the Jewish nation successfully. He has described what we can anticipate in life in the Land; its challenges, like idol worship, and its glory, its bounty. Now, he peers into the distant future. There will be a time of exile. I know, we haven't even entered the Land, but there will be a time when we will lose this Land. We will lack gratitude, lack allegiance and be exiled. Our experience in exile will be horrible; illness, failure, insecurity, total societal breakdown. And how does it all end? Uh, well, it doesn't. There is no happy ending. We are left hanging; wandering, suffering, decimated. Oh, but that is this parsha. In the most beautiful of parshiot of the Torah, Moshe returns to pick up the future next week, the parsha of Teshuva. But ending this description of the curses with no conclusion is powerfully poetic, leaving us with a feeling of terrible dread.



7TH ALIYA (29:1-8)

Moshe called the people and spoke: You saw all the wonders

of Egypt, but it has taken to this day to understand its meaning. He guided you, defeated nations, and gave you their lands. So keep this covenant, to live insightfully.

This deceiving short aliya has a surprising and profound brief statement. "It has taken until today to understand our history". We shall never allow ourselves to be facile, to be presumptuous, to feel we understand history and G-d's ways. It took those in the desert 40 years to fully appreciate their history, the dynamic of G-d in their history. Understanding His ways is no easy matter.

YESHAYAHU 60:1-22

This week's *haftorah* is the sixth of a series of seven "*Haftarot* of Consolation." In exhilarating terms the navi describes what will unfold during the Redemption. Beginning with the resurrection of the dead and the ingathering of the exiles, continuing with the joy and abundance the Jewish people will then experience. The navi also spotlights the gifts that will be brought to G-d from all of the nations of the world.

In the end, the Jewish nation will no longer experience the hatred of the other nations, be despised and derided. The day will come when there will no longer be violence nor mourning, Hashem will shine His eternal light on His beloved people.

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